1.1 Specifications

Downloading Software Support
- PC1555 uses DLS-1 v6.5 and up.

Flexible Zone Configuration
- Six fully programmable zones; system expandable to eight zones using keypad zone inputs and wireless zones
- 38 access codes: one master code, one maintenance code, two duress codes, two supervision codes and 32 general access codes
- 27 zone types; 8 programmable zone attributes
- Normally closed, single EOL and double EOL zone wiring
- Eight wireless zones available using the PC5132 Wireless Receiver

Audible Alarm Output
- 700mA Supervised Bell Output (current limited at 3 amps), 12Vdc
- Steady or Pulsed Output

EEPROM Memory
- Does not lose programming or system status on complete AC and Battery failure

Programmable Outputs
- One programmable voltage output and one programmable voltage output/input; 21 programmable options
- PGM1 = 50mA; PGM2 = 300mA

Powerful 1.5 Amp Regulated Power Supply
- 550 mA Auxiliary Supply, 12 Vdc
- Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) components replace fuses
- Supervision for loss of AC power, low battery
- Internal clock locked to AC power frequency

Power Requirements
- Transformer = 16.5 VAC, 40VA
- Battery = 12 volt 4 Ah minimum rechargeable sealed lead acid battery

Remote Keypad Specifications
- Three keypads available:
  - PC1555RKZ eight zone LED keypad with zone input
  - PC5508Z eight zone LED keypad with zone input
  - LCD5500Z Alphanumeric keypad with zone input
- All keypads have five programmable function keys
- Connect up to eight keypads
- 4-wire (Quad) connection to Keybus
- Built in piezoelectric buzzer

Digital Communicator Specifications
- Supports major communication formats including SIA and Contact ID
- Event-initiated personal paging
- Three programmable telephone numbers
- Two account numbers
- Supports LINKS1000 cellular communication
- Supports LINKS2X50 Long Range Radio Transmitter
- DTMF and pulse dialing
- DPDT line seizure
- Anti-jam feature
- Split reporting of selected transmissions to each telephone number

System Supervision Features
The PC1555 continuously monitors a number of possible trouble conditions including:
- AC power failure
- Trouble by zone
- Tamper by zone
- Fire trouble
- Telephone line trouble
- Failure to communicate
- Low battery condition
- Bell output trouble
- Module fault (supervisory or tamper)
- Loss of internal clock
- AUX Power Supply Trouble

False Alarm Prevention Features
- Audible Exit Delay
- Audible Exit Fault
- Communication Delay
- Urgency on Entry Delay
- Quick Exit
- Cross Zone Burglary Alarm
- Rotating Keypress Buffer

Additional Features
- Auto Arm at specified time
- Keypad-activated alarm output and communicator test
- All modules connect to the system via a four wire Keybus up to 1000'/305m from main panel
- An event buffer which records the past 128 events with both the time and date at which they occurred; buffer can be printed using PC5400 serial interface module, or viewed with the LCD5500Z keypad.
- Supports the addition of the PC5132 Wireless receiver for integration of wireless devices
- Uploading and downloading capability
- Local downloading capability through the use of the PC-LINK adaptor
- Added Keybus fault protection: clock and data outputs have been programmed to withstand shorts to +12v to prevent control panel damage
1.2 Additional Devices
In addition to the information below, see the back cover for a DSC module compatibility table.

**PC5132 Wireless Receiver**
The PC5132 Wireless Receiver can be used to connect up to 8 wireless devices to the system. All devices are spread spectrum, 900 MHz, fully supervised devices which use standard ‘AAA’ or ‘AA’ alkaline batteries.

Seven additional devices are available. They are as follows:

- **WLS904 Wireless Motion Detector**
  Adds wireless door or window contacts to your system.

- **WLS905 Wireless Universal Transmitter**
  Adds wireless door or window contacts to your system.

- **WLS906 Wireless Smoke Detector**
  A smaller wireless door or window contact.

- **WLS908 Wireless Panic Pendant**
  Adds personal protection to the system. When used, the unit will indicate a non-medical emergency to the central station.

- **WLS909 Wireless Key**
  Adds a simple and mobile method of arming and disarming to the system, as well as one-button access to several programmable functions.

- **WLS910 Wireless Handheld Keypad**

**PC5400 Printer Module**
The PC5400 Printer Module will allow the panel to print out all events that occur on the system to any serial printer. The printout will contain the time, date and the event that occurred.

**LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator**
The LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator can be used three different ways: as the sole communicator for the panel, as a backup for either or both telephone numbers or as a redundant backup to the land line communicator where the panel will call both the land line and via the LINKS.

**LINKS2X50**
Either the LINKS2150 or LINKS2450 may be used to transmit alarm information over a long range radio network.

**Cabinets**
Several different cabinets are available for the PC1555 modules. They are as follows:

- **PC5003C Cabinet**
  Main control cabinet for the PC1555 main panel. Dimensions 288mm x 298mm x 78mm / 11.3” x 11.7” x 3” approximately.

- **PC500 Cabinet with Removable Door**
  Main control cabinet for the PC1555 main panel. Dimensions 213mm x 235mm x 78mm / 8.4” x 9.25” x 3” approximately.

- **PC5004C Cabinet**
  Cabinet to house the PC5400 Printer Module. Dimensions 229mm x 178mm x 65mm / 9” x 7” x 2.6” approximately.

1.3 Out of the Box
Please verify that the following components are included in your system:
- one PC5003C main control cabinet
- one PC1555 main control circuit board
- one PC1555RKZ keypad with zone input
- one Installation Manual with programming worksheets
- one Instruction Manual for the end user
- one hardware pack consisting of:
  - one mylar cabinet label
  - four plastic circuit board standoffs
  - fourteen 5600Ω (5.6K) resistors
  - one 2200Ω (2.2K) resistor
  - one 1000Ω (1K) resistor
  - ground connection assembly
  - one cabinet door plug
Getting Started

The following sections provide a thorough description of how to wire and configure devices and zones.

2.1 Installation Steps
Read this section completely before you begin. Once you have an overall understanding of the installation process, carefully work through each step.

Step 1: Create a Layout
Draw a rough sketch of the building to get an idea of where all alarm detection devices, keypads and other modules are to be located.

Step 2: Mounting the Panel
Locate the panel in a dry area close to an unswitched AC power source and the incoming telephone line. Before attaching the cabinet to the wall, be sure to press the four circuit board mounting studs into the cabinet from the back. After you have attached the cabinet to the wall, stick the provided DSC logo sticker on the front of the cabinet.

You must complete all wiring before connecting the battery, or applying AC to the panel.

Step 3: Wiring the Keybus (Section 2.3)
Wire the Keybus to each of the modules following the guidelines provided in Section 2.3 of this manual.

Step 4: Zone Wiring (Section 2.8)
You must power down the control panel to complete all zone wiring. Please refer to Section 2.8 when connecting zones using normally closed loops, single EOL resistors, double EOL resistors, Fire zones and Keyswitch Arming zones.

Step 5: Complete Wiring (Section 2.2)
Complete all other wiring including bells or sirens, telephone line connections, and ground connections following the guidelines provided in Section 2.2 (“Terminal Descriptions”).

Step 6: Power up the Control
Once all zone and Keybus wiring is complete, power up the control panel. First, connect the red battery lead to the positive terminal and the black lead to negative. Then, connect the AC.

Connect the battery before connecting the AC. The panel will not power up on the battery connection alone.

Step 7: Keypad Assignment (Section 2.5)
In order for keypads to be properly supervised, each must be assigned to a different slot. Please follow the guidelines provided in Section 2.5 when assigning keypads.

Step 8: Supervision (Section 2.6)
The supervision of every module by the panel is automatically enabled upon power up. Please verify that all modules appear on the system according to the instructions in Section 2.6.

Step 9: Programming the System (Sections 4 and 5)
Section 4 explains how to program the panel. Section 5 contains a complete description of the various programmable features, which options are available and how they function. The Programming Worksheets should be filled out completely before attempting to program the system.

Step 10: Testing the System
The panel must be thoroughly tested to ensure that all features and functions are operating as programmed.

2.2 Terminal Descriptions

Battery Connection
A 12V 4Ah rechargeable battery is used as a backup source of power in the event of an AC power failure. The battery also provides additional current when the panel’s demands exceed the power output of the transformer, such as when the panel is in alarm.

Do not connect the battery until all other wiring is complete. Connect the battery before connecting the AC.

Connect the RED battery lead to the positive battery terminal; connect the BLACK lead to negative.

AC Terminals - AC
The panel requires a 16.5 VAC, 40VA transformer. Connect the transformer to an unswitched AC source and connect the transformer to these terminals.

Do not connect the transformer until all other wiring is complete.

Auxiliary Power Terminals - AUX+ and AUX-
These terminals provide up to 550 mA of additional current at 12 VDC for devices requiring power. Connect the positive side of any device requiring power to the AUX+ terminal, the negative side to AUX- (ground). The AUX output is protected. This means that if too much current is drawn from these terminals (such as a wiring short), the panel will temporarily shut off the output until the problem is corrected.

Bell Output Terminals - BELL+ and BELL-
These terminals provide up to 700 mA of continuous current at 12 VDC for powering bells, sirens, strobes or other warning-type equipment. Connect the positive side of any alarm warning device to BELL+, the negative side to BELL–. Please note that the Bell output is protected: if too much current is drawn from these terminals (such as a wiring short), the Bell PTC will open. Three amps can be drawn for short periods only.

The Bell output is supervised. If no alarm warning devices are in use, connect a 1000Ω resistor across BELL+ and BELL– to prevent the panel from displaying a trouble condition. For more information, please refer to Section 3.4 (“[✱][2] Trouble Display”).

Keybus Terminals - AUX+, AUX-, YEL, GRN
The Keybus is used by the panel to communicate with modules and vice versa. Each module has four Keybus terminals that must be connected to the four Keybus terminals on the panel. For more information, see Section 2.3 (“Keybus Operation and Wiring”).
Programmable Output Terminals - PGM1 and PGM2

Each PGM output is designed so that when activated by the panel, the terminal will switch to ground. PGM1 can sink up to 50mA of current. Connect the positive side of the LED or buzzer to AUX+, the negative side to PGM1. If more than 50 mA of current are required, a relay must be used. Please study PGM wiring in the accompanying diagram. PGM2 operates similarly to PGM1. However, PGM2 can sink up to 300mA of current. For a list of the programmable output options, please see Section 5.11 “PGM Output Options.”

Zone Input Terminals - Z1 to Z6

Each detection device must be connected to a zone on the control panel. We suggest that one detection device be connected to each zone; wiring multiple detection devices to a single zone, however, is possible. For zone wiring specifics, please see Section 2.8 (“Zone Wiring”).

Telephone Connection Terminals - TIP, RING, T-1, R-1

If a telephone line is required for central station communication or downloading, connect an RJ-31X telephone jack in the following manner:

Example of Keybus Wiring

NOTE:
Module (A) is correctly wired within 1,000'/305m of wire from the panel.
Module (B) is correctly wired within 1,000'/305m of wire from the panel.
Module (C) is NOT wired correctly as it is further than 1,000'/305m from the panel, in wire distance.

2.4 Current Ratings - Modules and Accessories

In order for the PC1555 system to operate properly, the power output capabilities of the main control and the expansion devices must not be exceeded. Use the data presented below to ensure that no part of the system is overloaded and cannot function properly.

PC1555 (12 Vdc)
- AUX+: ........... 550mA:
  Subtract the listed rating for each keypad,
  expansion module and accessory connected to
  AUX+ or Keybus.
- BELL: ........... 700mA continuous rating; 3.0A short term.
  Available only with standby battery connected.

PC1555 Device Ratings (at 12 Vdc)
- LCD5500Z Keypad: 75-85mA
- PC1555RKZ Keypad: 75-85mA
- PC5508Z Keypad: 75-85mA
- PC5400 Serial Module: 65mA
- PC5132 Wireless Receiver: 125mA

Other Devices

Please read the manufacturer’s literature carefully to determine the maximum current requirements for each device—during activation or alarm—and include the proper values for loading calculations. Connected devices must not exceed system capabilities during any possible operational mode.

2.5 Keypad Assignment

There are eight available slots for keypads. LED keypads by default are always assigned to slot 1. LCD5500Z keypads are always assigned to slot 8. You will need to assign each keypad to its own slot (1 to 8). Keypad assignment is required, as it tells the panel which slots are occupied. The panel can then generate a fault when a keypad supervisory is not present.

How to Assign Keypads

Do the following at each keypad installed on the system:
1. Enter [✱][8][installer’s code] to go to installer programming
2. Enter [000] for Keypad Programming
3. Enter [0] for Slot Assignment
4. Enter a two digit number (11-18) to specify which supervisory slot the keypad will occupy.
5. Press [♯] twice to exit installer programming. After assigning all keypads, perform a supervisory reset by entering section [902] in installer’s programming. The panel will now supervise all assigned keypads and enrolled modules on the system.

How to Program Function Keys
By default, the 5 function keys on each keypad are programmed as Stay Arm (03), Away Arm (04), Chime (06), Quick Exit (14) and Sensor Reset (16). You can change the function of each key on every keypad:
1. Go to the keypad where you want to change the function key programming and enter Installer Programming.
4. Enter the 2 digit number, [00] to [17] to select the feature you want the function key to have. For a complete list of Function Key options See Section 3.5 “Function Keys”.
5. Continue from step 3 until all function keys are programmed.
6. To exit Installer Programming, press [♯] twice.

2.6 Supervision
By default, all modules are supervised upon installation. Supervision is enabled at all times so that the panel can indicate a trouble if a module is removed from the system.
To check on which modules are currently connected and supervised, enter programming section [903] from installer’s programming. The LCD keypad will allow you to scroll through the display of connected modules. A connected module which does not show as being present will appear as a trouble condition and the Trouble light on the keypad will turn ON. This condition may be due to one or more of the following reasons:
- the module is not connected to the Keybus
- there is a Keybus wiring problem
- the module is more than 1,000’/305m from the panel
- the module does not have enough power
For more information regarding module supervision troubles, please refer to Section 3.4 (“✱” [2] Trouble Conditions”).

2.7 Removing Modules
The panel must be instructed to no longer supervise a module being removed from the system. To remove the module, disconnect it from the Keybus and reset the supervision field by entering [902] in the installer’s programming. The panel will be reset to recognize and supervise all existing modules on the system.

2.8 Zone Wiring
For a complete description of the operation of all zone types, please refer to Section 5.2 (“Zone Programming”). There are several different ways in which zones may be wired, depending on which programming options have been selected. The panel can be programmed to supervise normally closed, End of Line, or Double End of Line loops. Please refer to the following diagrams to study each type of individually supervised zone wiring.

- Any zone programmed for Fire or 24 Hour Supervisory must be wired with a single End of Line (EOL) resistor regardless of the type of zone wiring supervision selected for the panel (section [013]: [1] -[2]). See Section 5.2 “Zone Programming.”

If you change the zone supervision options from DEOL to EOL or from NC to DEOL (section [013], options [1] or [2]), you should power down the system completely, and then power it back up. If you do not, the zones may not work correctly.

Normally Closed (NC) Loops

To enable normally closed loops, programming section [013], option [1] must be ON.

This option should only be selected if Normally Closed (NC) detection devices or contacts are being used.

Single End Of Line (EOL) Resistors (5600Ω)
To enable panel detection of single end of line resistors, programming section [013], options [1] and [2] must be OFF.

Double End Of Line (DEOL) Resistors
Double End of Line resistors allow the panel to determine if the zone is in alarm, tampered or faulted.
To enable panel detection of double end of line resistors, programming section [013], option [1] must be OFF and option [2] must be ON.

If the Double EOL supervision option is enabled, all hardwire zones on the main panel must be wired for Double EOL resistors, except for Fire and 24 Hour Supervisory zones.

Do not wire DEOL resistors on keypad zones.

Do not use DEOL resistors for Fire zones or 24 Hour Supervisory zones. Do not wire Fire zones to keypad zone terminals if the DEOL supervision option is selected.
This option can only be selected if Normally Closed (NC) detection devices or contacts are being used.

Only one NC contact can be connected to each zone. Wiring multiple detection devices or contacts on a single loop is not allowed.

The following chart shows zone status under certain conditions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loop Resistance</th>
<th>Loop Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0Ω (shorted wire, loop shorted)</td>
<td>Fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5600Ω (contact closed)</td>
<td>Secure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infinite (broken wire, loop open)</td>
<td>Tamper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11200Ω (contact open)</td>
<td>Violated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

End of Line Resistors ................................ Section [013]: [1]
Double End of Line Resistors .................. Section [013]: [2]

2.9 Fire Zone Wiring

2-Wire Smoke Detectors

The following 2-wire smoke detectors may be used: ESL429AT and DSC MN220. If PGM2 has been programmed for a 2-wire Smoke Detector connection, the detectors must be wired according to the following diagram:

If PGM2 is programmed for 2-wire smoke support, the connector JP1 on the main board must be removed.

4-Wire Smoke Detectors

All fire zones must be wired according to the following diagram:

2.10 24-Hr Auxiliary Input Wiring (PGM2)

If PGM2 has been programmed for 24-hour operation, the zone must be wired according to the following diagram:

2.11 LINKS Zone Wiring

LINKS Support

When using the LINKS 1000 cellular communicator, connect the LINKS to the main panel according to the following diagram:

LINKS Supervision (24 Hour Supervisory)

When using the LINKS1000 cellular communicator, any main board zone may be configured for LINKS Supervision. Program this zone as zone type [09], 24 Hour Supervisory in section [001].

With a LINKS Supervisory zone, if the LINKS 1000 experiences a trouble, the zone will be violated, causing the panel to report the event to the central station. This type of zone always requires a single EOL resistor (5600Ω).

Wire this zone according to the above diagram.

LINKS Answer

When using the LINKS 1000 cellular communicator, any main board zone may be configured for LINKS Answer.

A zone configured for LINKS Answer allows downloading to be performed in the event of telephone line failure. When the LINKS receives a telephone call, it will activate the RING terminal on the LINKS circuit board. The zone programmed as LINKS Answer always requires a single EOL resistor (5600Ω).

Wire the LINKS Answer zone according to the above diagram.

The LINKS Answer zone is only required for downloading to the panel via the LINKS.

When using the LINKS, Busy Tone Detection must not be used.

Keypad zones cannot be used for 24 Hour Supervisory or LINKS Answer.
2.12 Keypad Zones

Each “z” keypad on the system has a zone input to which a device - such as a door contact - can be connected. This saves you from running wires back to the control panel for every device.

To install the keypad, open the keypad plastic by removing the screw at the bottom of the unit. Locate the five terminals on the keypad circuit board. Connect the four Keybus wires from the control panel: the red wire to R, the black to B, the yellow to Y and the green to G.

To connect the zone, run one wire to the Z terminal and the other to B. For powered devices, use red and black to supply power to the device. Run the red wire to the R (positive) terminal and the black wire to the B (negative) terminal.

When using end of line supervision, connect the zone according to one of the configurations outlined in Section 2.8 “Zone Wiring.” End of line resistors must be placed on the device end of the loop, not at the keypad.

Keypad zones do not support DEOL resistors.

Assigning Keypad Zones

When using keypad zone inputs, each input used must be assigned a zone number in Installer’s Programming.

First, ensure that you have enrolled all installed keypads into the desired slots. (See Section 2.5 “Keypad Enrollment.”) Next, enter programming section [020] to assign the zones. There are eight programming locations in this section, one for each keypad slot. Enter a 2-digit zone number for each of the keypad zones. This number must be entered in the location corresponding to the keypad to which each zone is connected.

Keypad zones 1-6 will replace zone terminals Z1-Z6 on the control panel. Once the keypad zones are assigned, you must also program zone definitions and zone attributes. (See also Section 5.4 “Assigning Keypad Zones”).
Use any system keypad to enter commands and/or program the PC1555 security system. The LED keypad uses function and zone indicator lights to represent alarm functions and status. If you have a PC1555RKZ keypad, the System light acts as a Trouble, Memory, Program and Bypass indicator. Unlike other LED keypads, these conditions will only be represented by the System light. The LCD keypad provides a written description on the liquid crystal display and uses function indicator lights to communicate alarm status to the user.

The PC1555 Instruction Manual provides basic directions for arming and disarming the system, bypassing zones and performing user functions from the keypads. The following sections provide additional details on these functions.

### 3.1 Arming and Disarming

For a description of basic arming and disarming, please see the PC1555 Instruction Manual. For other methods of arming, please refer to Section 3.4 (“[✱][0] Quick Arm” and “[✱][9] Arming Without Entry Delay”) and Section 3.5 (“Function Keys”).

The Event Buffer will log “Armed in Stay Mode” or “Armed in Away Mode” whenever the system is armed.

In an attempt to prevent false alarms, the Audible Exit Fault will notify the user of an improper exit when they arm their system. If a non-force-arming Delay 1 or Delay 2 type zone is left open at the end of the exit delay, the entry delay will begin immediately and the bell or siren will sound a steady alarm for the entry delay period. At the end of the entry delay period, if the system has not been disarmed it will go into alarm. This feature can be turned OFF in programming section [013], option [6]. (See section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options” for more information.)

### 3.2 Auto Bypass - Stay Arming

Stay arming allows the user to arm the system without leaving the premises. All zones programmed as stay/away will be bypassed when the user stays arms the system, so that the user does not have to bypass interior zones manually. (See section 5.2 “Zone Programming”.)

When the system is armed using a valid access code, if any zones on the system have been programmed as stay/away zones, the Bypass light will turn ON. The panel will then monitor all zones programmed as Delay 1 and Delay 2 zones, such as designated entry/exit doors. If a delay zone is not violated by the end of the delay exit, the panel will bypass all stay/away zones. The Bypass light will remain ON to inform the user that the interior zones have been automatically bypassed by the panel. If a delay zone is violated during the exit delay, the system will arm in Away mode and all stay/away zones will be active after the exit delay expires.

The user can arm the stay/away zones at any time by entering the [✱][1] keypad command (see Section 3.4 “[✱][1] Zone Bypass”). Stay arming can also be initiated by pressing and holding the Stay function key for two seconds on the PC5508Z and LCD5500Z keypads, if programmed by the installer. For more information regarding Stay arming, please see Section 3.5 (“Function Keys”).

### 3.3 Automatic Arming

The system can be programmed to Auto-Arm at a specific time every day if it is in the disarmed condition. In order for the Auto-Arm function to work properly, you must program the correct Time of Day. For programming the clock and auto-arm times, see Section 3.4 (“[✱][6] User Functions”).

When the system’s internal clock matches the Auto-Arm Time, the panel will check the system status. If the system is armed, the panel will do nothing until the next day at the Auto-Arm Time, when it will check the system again. If the system is disarmed at the auto-arm time, the panel will sound the buzzer of all keypads for one minute. If the Bell Squawk During Auto Arm option is enabled (section [014], option [2]), the bell will squawk once every 10 seconds while the system is auto-arming.

If a valid Access code is entered, Auto-Arming will be aborted.

If Auto-arm is cancelled, the number of the user who cancelled the auto-arm will be logged in the Event Buffer.

If no code is entered, the panel will auto-arm. If a zone is violated, the panel will transmit a Partial Closing Reporting Code – if programmed – to indicate to the central station that the system is not secure. If the zone is restored, the panel will add the zone back into the system.

**Auto arming can only be cancelled by entering a valid access code at any keypad.**

### 3.4 [✱] Commands

The [✱] key commands provide an easy way for the user to access basic system programming – such as programming access codes or bypassing zones. The user can also use the [✱] key commands to check on the system’s status, including viewing trouble conditions and displaying the event buffer on the LCD keypad.

The [✱] key commands can be performed from both LCD and LED keypads. The LED keypad uses the zone indicator lights to display command information. The LCD display provides written information, guiding the user through each command. The commands in this section are explained as viewed from an LED keypad. When using an LCD keypad, use the arrow keys (<>.) to scroll through information provided. Otherwise, the functions remain the same for both keypad types.

**[✱][1] Bypassing and Activating Stay/Away Zones**

Use the [✱][1] keypad command to bypass individual zones. A bypassed zone will not cause an alarm.

**Zones can only be bypassed when the system is not armed.**

If the Code Required for Bypass option is enabled (section [015], option [5]), only access codes with the bypass attribute enabled will be able to bypass zones (see Section 5.1 “Programming Security Codes”).

If the Bypass Status Displayed While Armed option is chosen, the Bypass (or System) light will be ON while the system is armed to indicate any bypassed zones (see Section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

**When you disarm the system, all manually-bypassed zones will be unbypassed.**

Activate Stay/Away Zones

If the system is armed in stay mode, the [✱][1] command can be used to activate the stay/away zones.
[✱] [2] Trouble Display
The panel constantly monitors itself for several different trouble conditions. If a trouble condition is present, the Trouble (or System) light will be ON and the keypad will beep twice every 10 seconds. The trouble beep can be silenced by pressing any key on any keypad. If Bell Squawk on Trouble is enabled (section [014], option [5]), the bell will squawk every 10 seconds when a trouble condition is present.

To view trouble conditions from an LED keypad:
1. Press [*] [2].
2. The keypad will flash the Trouble (or System) light. The zone indicator lights corresponding to the present trouble conditions will be ON.

When using an LCD keypad, the trouble conditions will be listed on the display; simply use the arrow (< >) keys to scroll through the list of present trouble conditions.

Troubles can be viewed while armed using the LCD keypad, provided the keypad is version 2.0 or later. Older keypads will incorrectly display “Fire Trouble”. If using older LCD keypads, programming section [013], option [3] as OFF will ensure troubles are displayed correctly.

The various troubles are described below:

1. **Light Trouble**
   - **Service Required**: Press [1] to determine the specific trouble. Lights 1 - 5 will light up to indicate the trouble:
     - Light [1] – Low Battery: Main panel backup battery charge is low (below 11.5 volts under load). Trouble is restored when the battery charges over 12.5 volts.
     - Light [2] – Bell Circuit Trouble: The bell circuit is open (see Section 5.13 “Siren”).
     - Light [3] – General System Trouble: The printer connected to the PC5400 Printer module has a fault and is off-line.
     - Light [4] – General System Tamper: Tamper has been detected in a module.

All tamper conditions must be physically restored before the trouble condition will clear.

- Light [5] – General System Supervisory: The panel has lost communication with a module connected to the Keybus (see Section 2.6 “Supervision”). The event buffer will log the event.
- Lights [6-8] – Not used

2. **AC Failure**: AC power is no longer being supplied to the control panel. The Trouble (or System) light will flash if an AC Failure is present, if the Trouble Light Flashes if AC Fails option is programmed (section [016], option [2]). This trouble will not be displayed if the AC Trouble Displayed option is disabled (section [016], option [1]). See section 5.8 “Communicator Reporting Codes” for information on AC trouble reporting.

3. **Telephone Line Monitoring Trouble (TLM)**: There is a trouble with the telephone line (See section 5.12 “Telephone Line Monitor.”)

4. **Failure to Communicate (FTC)**: The communicator failed to communicate with any of the programmed telephone numbers (see section 5.5 “Communicator - Dialing”).

5. **Zone Fault (including Fire Zone)**: A zone on the system is experiencing trouble, meaning that a zone could not provide an alarm to the panel if required to do so (if a fire zone is open, or there is a short on a DEOL zone, or a supervisory fault on a wireless zone). When a zone fault trouble condition occurs, the keypad(s) on the system will start to beep. Press [5] while in Trouble mode to view the affected zones.

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6. **Zone Tamper**: A zone configured for Double End Of Line resistor supervision has a tamper condition, or the tamper switch is open on a wireless device. When a tamper condition occurs, the keypad(s) will start to beep. Press [6] while in the Trouble mode to view the affected zones. If a zone is tampered or faulted, it must be fully restored to clear the trouble.

By enabling Tampers/Faults Do Not Show as Open in section [013], option [4], Faults and Tamper will not show as open on the keypad, and will be hidden from the end user. If the option is disabled, Faults and Tamper will show as open.

---

8. **Loss of System Time**: When the panel is powered up, the internal clock needs to be set to the correct time. This trouble is cleared when an attempt is made to reset the clock.

---

[✱] [3] **Alarm Memory**

The Memory (or System) light will be on if any alarm occurred during the last armed period or – in the case of 24 hour zones – if an alarm occurred while the panel was disarmed.

To view alarm memory, press [✱] [3]. The keypad will flash the Memory (or System) light and the zone indicator lights corresponding to the alarm or tamper conditions which occurred during or since the last armed period. To clear the Memory (or System) light, arm and disarm the system.

---

[✱] [4] **Door Chime On/Off**

The door chime feature is used to sound a tone from the keypad whenever a zone programmed as a chime zone is activated (see Section 5.3 – “Zone Attributes”). If the door chime feature is enabled, the keypad will emit five short beeps whenever a chime zone is activated. Designated entry/exit doors are often defined as chime zones. The feature can be turned on or off while the system is armed or disarmed.
[✱] [5] Programming Access Codes
There are 37 access codes available to the user. They are:
Access code (40) ............... One master code
Access codes (01)-(32) ... 32 general access codes
Access codes (33)-(34) ... Two duress codes
Access codes (41)-(42) ... Two supervisor codes
All access codes have the ability to arm or disarm the system and can activate the PGM Outputs using the [✱][7] commands. For a description of how to program access codes from LCD or LED keypads, see the PC1555 Instruction Manual.

Master Code – Access Code (40)
By default, the Master Code is enabled to perform any keypad function. This code can be used to program all Access codes. If the Master Code Not Changeable option is enabled, the Master Code can only be changed by the Installer.

General Access Codes – Access Codes (01) to (32)
General access codes can arm and disarm the system. When the Code Required for Bypassing option is enabled, users will need to enter a valid access code when bypassing zones. Individual access codes can have the Zone Bypassing attribute disabled under Access Code Attribute programming.
For more information regarding access code options, please see Section 5.1 – “Programming Security Codes.”

Duress Code – Access Code (33) and (34)
Duress codes will send a duress reporting code to the central station when entered.

If a duress code is programmed, when it is used, the panel will always send a reporting code to the central station, even if the attributes of the duress code are turned off.

Supervisor Codes – Access Code (41) and (42)
These codes can be used to program general access and duress codes. The two supervisor codes have master code attributes by default. These settings can be changed.

Access Code Attributes
There are two access code attributes which can be programmed for each code. To program each attribute, enter [✱][5][Master Code][✱][9] to enter the attribute programming mode. Then enter the code number [01-32,33,34,41,42], Enter the attribute number: Attribute [1] ... User enabled for arming, disarming, alarm reset, [✱][7][1-2] options, auto arm cancellation
Attribute [2] ... Not used
Attribute [3] ... Zone bypassing enabled
Attribute [4] ... Not used

Master code attributes cannot be changed.

[✱][6] User Functions
This command can be used to program several different functions:

To program User Functions:
1. Press [✱][6] [Master Code]. The Program (or System) light will flash.
• [1] – Time and Date
  The time and date must be accurate for the auto-arm or test transmission functions to work properly and for the event buffer to time and date stamp all events.
  - Enter the time (hour and minute) using 24hr format [HH MM] from 00:00 to 23:59.
  - Enter the date by month, day and year [MM DD YY].
  To enable or disable auto-arming, press [✱][2]. The keypad will sound three short beeps when auto-arm is enabled and one long beep when disabled. For more information, see Section 3.3 – “Auto-Arming.”
• [3] – Auto-Arm Time
  The system can be programmed to arm automatically at a pre-set time. When programming the auto-arm time, enter the time (hour and minute) using 24hr format [HH MM]. For more information, see Section 3.3 – “Auto-Arming.”
• [4] – System Test
  When [✱][4] is pressed the panel will test the bell output, keypad lights and the communicator for two seconds. The panel will also send a System Test Reporting code, if programmed (see Section 5.8 – “Communicator – Reporting Codes”).
• [5] – Enable DLS (Downloading)
  When [✱][5] is pressed, the panel will enable the downloading option for six hours. During this time, the panel will answer incoming downloading calls (see Section 5.10 “Downloading”).
• [6] – User Initiated Call-Up
  When [✱][6] is pressed, the panel will initiate a call to the downloading computer.

Additional Features Available from the LCD Keypad
Additional features, including access to the event buffer, are available using the LCD keypad. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll through the [✱][6] menu and press the [✱] key to select the following commands:

Viewing the Event Buffer from an LCD Keypad
Select “View Event Buffer” from the [✱][6] menu. The keypad will display the event, event number, time and date along with the zone number and access code, if applicable. Press [✱] to toggle between this information and the event itself. Use the arrow keys (<>) to scroll through the events in the buffer. When you have finished viewing the Event Buffer, press [✱] to exit.

Brightness Control
You can select from 10 different backlighting levels. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired backlighting level. Press [✱] to exit.

Contrast Control
You can select from 10 different display contrast levels. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired contrast level. Press [✱] to exit.

Keypad Sounder Control
You can select from 21 different keypad tones. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll to the desired keypad sound level and press [✱] to exit. This feature can be accessed on LED keypads by pressing and holding the [✱] key.

[✱][7] Command Output Functions
The user can activate programmable output functions using the [✱][7][1-2] commands. The outputs may be activated when the system is either armed or disarmed.

[✱][7][1] – Command Output Option #1:
Press [✱][7][1][Access Code, if required] to activate outputs programmed as PGM output option [19]. This output can be used for operating devices such as a garage door opener, lighting or door strikes.

[✱][7][2] – Command Output Option #2:
Press [✱][7][2][Access Code, if required] to activate all outputs programmed as one of PGM output options [03], [04] or [20].
Special Note: Traditionally, [✱][7][2] has been reserved for resetting smoke detectors. Smoke detectors should now be programmed as output [03] “Sensor Reset” or [04] “2-wire smoke”. If using output option [03] or [04], do not program [20]
Command Output Option #2. Please see Section 5.11 “PGM Output Options” for more information.

[x] [0] Quick Arm
If the Quick Arm option is enabled, enter [x] [0] to arm the panel without an access code (See Section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

Quick Arm cannot be used to cancel auto arm.

[x] [0] Quick Exit
The Quick Exit function, if enabled, will allow someone to leave an armed premises through a Delay type zone without having to disarm and re-arm the system (See Section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

When [x] [0] is entered, the panel will provide a two minute window for the user to exit the premises. During this time, the panel will ignore only one activation of a Delay zone. When the Delay zone is secured, the panel will end the two minute quick exit delay.

If a second Delay zone is tripped, or if the zone is not restored secured, the panel will end the two minute quick exit delay.

[x] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay
When the system is armed with the [x] [9] command, the panel will cancel the entry delay. Once the exit delay has expired, Delay 1 and Delay 2 type zones will be instant and Stay/Away zones will be bypassed (see Section 5.2 – “Zone Programming”). A valid access code must be entered after pressing [•] [9].

[x] [0] Command Output
Enter [•] [8] followed by the Installer’s Code to access Installer’s Programming. See sections 4 and 5 for more information.

[x] [9] Arming Without Entry Delay
When the system is armed with the [x] [9] command, the panel will cancel the entry delay. Once the exit delay has expired, Delay 1 and Delay 2 type zones will be instant and Stay/Away zones will be bypassed (see Section 5.2 – “Zone Programming”).

A valid access code must be entered after pressing [•] [9].

[x] [0] Quick Arm
If the Quick Arm option is enabled, enter [•] [0] to arm the panel without an access code (See Section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

Quick Arm cannot be used to cancel auto arm.

[x] [0] Quick Exit
The Quick Exit function, if enabled, will allow someone to leave an armed premises through a Delay type zone without having to disarm and re-arm the system (See Section 5.17 “Arming / Disarming Options”).

When [x] [0] is entered, the panel will provide a two minute window for the user to exit the premises. During this time, the panel will ignore only one activation of a Delay zone. When the Delay zone is secured, the panel will end the two minute quick exit delay.

If a second Delay zone is tripped, or if the zone is not restored after two minutes, the panel will begin the entry delay.

If the Exit Delay is in progress, performing a Quick Exit will not extend the Exit Delay.

3.5 Function Keys
There are five function keys on each keypad labelled Stay, Away, Chime, Reset and Exit. Each key is programmed by default to perform one of the functions described below. Press and hold the appropriate key for two seconds to activate a function.

On the PC1555RKZ keypad, use number keys 1 - 5 for the function keys.

“Stay” – (03) Stay Arm
The system will arm in the Stay mode (see section 3.2). Enable the Quick Arm feature (programming section [015], option [4]) to have this key function without the need to enter an access code. If Quick Arm is not enabled, the user will have to enter an access code before the system will stay arm.

“Away” – (04) Away Arm
The system will arm in the Away mode (see section 3.2). Enable the Quick Arm feature (programming section [015], option [4]) to have this key function without the need to enter an access code. If Quick Arm is not enabled, the user will have to enter an access code before the system will arm away.

“Chime” – (06) Door Chime On / Off
The Door Chime feature will turn ON or OFF (see Section 3.4 – “[•] [4] Door Chime”).

“Reset” – (14) Sensor Reset or [•] [7] [2]
The panel will activate all PGM outputs programmed as option [03] Sensor Reset, [04] 2-wire smoke or [20] Command Output Option #2. (See Section 3.4 – “[•] [7] Command Output Functions”).

“Exit” – (16) Activate Quick Exit
The panel will activate the Quick Exit feature (See Section 3.4 – “[•] [0] Quick Exit”).

Additional Function Key Options
The programming of any function key on any keypad may be changed to one of the options listed below. (See section 2.5, “Keypad Enrollment” for instructions on changing function key programming.) Each option is listed according to the programming code, followed by the corresponding [•] key command. For more information regarding each function, please refer to the appropriate part of Section 3.4, “*[x] Commands”.

00 Null Key: The key is not used and will perform no function when pressed.

01-02 For Future Use

03 Stay Arm: As described above.

04 Away Arm: As described above.

05 [•] [9] No-Entry Delay Arm: A valid access code must also be entered.

06 [•] [4] Door Chime On / Off: As described above.


08 [•] [1] Bypass Mode: A valid access code may need to be entered.

09 [•] [2] Trouble Display

10 [•] [3] Alarm Memory

11 [•] [5] Programming Access Codes: A valid master code must also be entered.

12 [•] [6] User Functions: A valid master code must also be entered.

13 [•] [7] [1] Command Output Option #1: A valid access code must also be entered.


15 For Future Use

16 [•] [0] Quick Exit: As described above.

17 [•] [1] Reactivate Stay/Away Zones

18 - [20] For Future Use

3.6 Features Available for the LCD5500Z
These features are only available for LCD5500Z keypads with zone inputs:

Automatic Scrolling of Alarms in Memory
The LCD5500Z keypad allows automatic scrolling through alarms in memory while the keypad is idle. This feature, if enabled, will override the clock display. This option can be programmed in LCD programming section [66], option [4].

24 Hour Time Display Option
The LCD5500Z can be programmed to display time using a 24-hour clock, instead of a 12-hour, am/pm clock. This option can be programmed in LCD programming section [66], option [3].

Keypad Zones
See section 2.12 “Keypad Zones”.

Viewing Troubles While Armed
See section 3.4 “[•][2] Trouble Display” for information on how to view troubles.

Backlighting Boost
The LCD5500Z, PC5508Z and PC1555RKZ zone input keypads will provide extra number pad lighting when any key is pressed. The backlighting boost will last for an additional 30 seconds after the last keypress.
The following section of the manual describes the Installer’s Programming function and how to program the various sections.

You must read the following section of the manual very carefully before you begin programming. We also recommend filling out the Programming Worksheets section before you program the panel.

For your reference, the corresponding programming sections for the functions listed are highlighted in text boxes such as this one.

4.1 Installer’s Programming
Installer’s Programming is used to program all communicator and panel options. The Installer’s Code is [1555] by default but should be changed to prevent unauthorized access to programming.

Installer’s Code: Section [006]

From an LED Keypad:
1. Enter [✱] [8] [Installer’s Code].
   • The Program light (or System light on the PC1555RKZ) will flash to indicate that you are in programming mode.
   • The Armed light will turn ON to indicate that the panel is waiting for the three-digit programming section number.
2. Enter the three-digit section number corresponding to the section you wish to program.
   • The Armed light will turn OFF.
   • The Ready light will turn ON to indicate that the panel is waiting for the information required to complete programming the selected section.
3. Enter the information required to complete section programming (ie: numbers, HEX data, or ON/OFF options).

   If the three-digit section number entered is invalid, or if the module which pertains to the section is not present, the keypad will sound a two second error tone.

From an LCD Keypad:
1. From any keypad, enter [✱] [8] [Installer’s Code]. The Keypad will display ‘Enter Section’ followed by three dashes.
2. Enter the three-digit number corresponding to the section you wish to program.
   • The Armed light will turn ON to indicate that the panel is waiting for the information required to complete programming the selected section.
3. Enter the information required to complete section programming (ie: numbers, HEX data, or ON/OFF options).

   If you enter information into a section and make a mistake, press the [#] key to exit the section. Select that section again and re-enter the information correctly.

   There must be one digit in each box in the programming section in order for the change to be valid.

4.2 Programming Decimal Data
A set number of programming boxes are allotted for each section requiring decimal data (e.g.: codes, telephone numbers). If a digit is entered for each program box, the panel will automatically exit from the selected programming section. The Ready light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON.

On the PC1555RKZ and PC5508Z keypads, you can also press the [#] key to exit a programming section without entering data for every box. This is handy if you only need to change digits in the first few programming boxes. All other digits in the programming section will remain unchanged.

4.3 Programming HEX Data
On occasion, hexadecimal (HEX) digits may be required. To program a HEX digit press the [✱] key. The panel will enter HEX programming and Ready light will begin to flash.

The following are the numbers which should be pressed to enter the appropriate HEX digit:

1 = A 2 = B 3 = C 4 = D 5 = E 6 = F

Once the correct HEX digit has been entered, the Ready light will continue to flash. If another HEX digit is required, press the [✱] key again. The Ready light will turn ON and the panel will return to regular decimal programming.

Example:
To enter ‘C1’ for a closing by user 1, you would enter:

[✱] [3] [✱], [1]:
   • [✱] to enter Hexadecimal mode (Ready light flashes)
   • [3] to enter C
   • [✱] to return to decimal mode (Ready light is solid)
   • [1] to enter digit 1

   If Ready light is flashing, any number you enter will be programmed as the HEX equivalent.

If you are using a pulse communications format, a decimal zero [0] does not transmit. Programming a zero [0] tells the panel not to send any pulses for that digit. Decimal zero [0] is a filler digit. To transmit a zero [0], it must be programmed as a Hexadecimal ‘A’.

Example:
For the three digit account number ‘403’, you would enter:

[✱] [4] [✱] [✱] [✱] [✱], [3], [0]:
   • [4] to enter the digit 4
   • [✱] to enter Hexadecimal mode (Ready light flashes)
   • [1] to enter A
   • [✱] to return to decimal mode (Ready light is solid)
   • [3] to enter the digit 3
   • [0] to enter the digit 0 as a filler digit.
4.4 Programming Toggle Option Sections
Some programming sections contain several toggle options. The panel will use zone lights 1 through 8 to indicate if the different options are enabled or disabled. Press the number corresponding to the option to turn it ON or OFF. Once all the toggle options have been selected correctly, press the [#] key to exit the section and save the changes. The Ready light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON.
Refer to Section 5 in this manual to determine what each option represents and whether the light should be ON or OFF for your application.

4.5 Viewing Programming

LED Keypads
Any programming section can be viewed from an LED keypad. When a programming section is entered, the keypad will immediately display the first digit of information programmed in that section.

The keypad displays the information using a binary format, according to the following chart:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zone 1</td>
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<td>Zone 2</td>
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<td>Zone 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Zone 4</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Light On
- Light Off

* See Hex Data Entry instructions

Press any of the Emergency Keys (Fire, Auxiliary or Panic) to advance to the next digit. When all the digits in a section have been viewed, the panel will exit the section; the Ready Light will turn OFF and the Armed light will turn ON, waiting for the next three-digit programming section number to be entered. Press the [#] key to exit the section.

LCD Keypad
When a programming section is entered, the keypad will immediately display all the information programmed in that section. Use the arrow keys (< >) to scroll through the data being displayed. Scroll past the end of the data displayed or press the [#] key to exit the section.
The following section explains the operation of all programmable features and options and provides a summary of all corresponding programming locations.

5.1 Programming Security Codes
There are three codes which can be programmed by the installer in the Installer’s Programming function: the Master code, the Installer’s code, and a Maintenance code. All other access codes can be programmed through the [☆][5] command (see Section 3.4).

The master code can also be programmed by the user as access code (40). If the Master Code Not Changeable option is enabled, the system master code can only be changed by the installer.

General access codes can arm and disarm the system. When the Code Required for Bypassing option is enabled, users will need to enter a valid access code when bypassing zones. Individual access codes can have the Zone Bypassing attribute disabled under Access Code Attribute programming (see section 3.4 “[☆][5] Programming Access Codes”).

installer's Code Section [006]
Master Code ................. Section [007]
Maintenance Code ............. Section [008]
Master Code Not Changeable Section [015]: [5]
No Code Required for Bypassing Section [015]: [5]

⚠️ The Maintenance code is limited to arming and disarming the system. The Maintenance code cannot use [☆][9] to arm the system, bypass zones, or perform [☆][7] command functions.

5.2 Zone Programming
All eight zones are enabled by default. Unused zones should be disabled in programming section [022].

Section [001] will allow you to select how each of the zones you use will operate. Each zone requires a two-digit code to be programmed, which describes the zone definition. Select a definition from the list below.

In addition, each zone has eight different attributes which may be programmed in sections [101] to [108] (see Section 5.3 – “Zone Attributes”).

Zone Definitions

[00] Null Zone
The zone is vacant. Unused zones should be programmed as Null zones.

[01] Delay 1 Zone
This zone type, normally used for entry/exit doors, can be violated during the exit delay time without causing an alarm. Once the exit delay has expired, opening the zone will start the entry delay timer. During the entry delay time, the keypad buzzer will sound steadily to advise the user that the system should be disarmed. If the panel is disarmed before the entry time expires, no alarm will be generated.

[02] Delay 2 Zone
The Delay 2 entry delay time can be set independently of Delay 1 in programming section [005] (System Times).

[03] Instant Zone
This zone type will cause an instant alarm if it is violated when the panel is armed. Typically, this zone is used for windows, patio doors or other perimeter zones, and glass break detectors.

[04] Interior Zone
This zone will not cause an alarm if violated during the entry delay. If the zone is violated before the entry delay has begun, it will cause an instant alarm. Typically, this zone is used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors.

[05] Interior Stay/Away Zone
This zone type works similarly to the Interior zone type, except that it will be automatically bypassed under the following conditions:

- When the panel is armed in the Stay Mode (see Section 3.5 “Function Keys”).
- When the panel is armed without entry delay (see Section 3.4 “[☆][9] Arming Without Entry Delay”).
- When the panel is armed with an access code and a Delay zone type is NOT tripped during the exit delay.

The automatic bypass prevents the user from having to manually bypass interior type zones when arming at home. This zone is typically used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors.

[06] Delay Stay/Away Zone
This zone type will operate similarly to Interior Stay/Away zones, except that it will always provide an entry delay. Typically, this zone is used for interior protection devices, such as motion detectors. This zone option will help prevent false alarms since it always provides an entry delay time for the user to turn off the panel.

⚠️ Hardwire motion detectors covering entry/exit doors that are using wireless transmitters must be programmed as Delay Stay/Away. If not, the panel may see the motion detector violation before the entry/exit transmitter has time to transmit to the receiver, causing a false alarm.

[07] Delayed 24 Hour Fire Zone
Do not wire Fire zones on keypad zone terminals if the DEOL supervision option is enabled for the panel (section [013], option [2]).

When this zone is violated, the alarm output will be immediately activated (pre-alarm) but the communicator will be delayed for 30 seconds. If the user presses any key on any keypad during this delay, the alarm output and the communicator will be delayed an additional 90 seconds, giving the user time to correct the problem. If the zone is still violated after the 90 second delay, the panel will sound the alarm output and delay the communicator for 30 seconds.

If the user does not press a key during the 30 second pre-alarm, the alarm output will latch and the panel will communicate the alarm to the central station. The alarm will sound until the Bell Cutoff time expires (Section [005] “System Times”), or until a code is entered (see Section 5.13 “Siren”).

⚠️ If a second Fire type zone is violated or if the Fire keys are pressed during the delay period, the panel will latch the alarm output and will immediately communicate the alarm.
A violated Fire zone will be displayed on all keypads and can be delayed at any keypad. Typically this zone is used for latching smoke detectors.

[08] Standard 24 Hour Fire Zone

- Do not wire Fire zones on keypad zone terminals if the DEOL supervision option is enabled for the panel (section [013], option [2]).

When this zone is violated, the panel will immediately latch the alarm output and communicate to the central station. The alarm will sound until the Bell Cutoff time expires (Section [005] “System Times”), or until a code is entered (see Section 5.13 “Siren”).

A violated Fire zone will be displayed on all keypads. Typically this zone is used for pull stations.

[09] 24 Hour Supervisory Zone

If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will report to the central station, and will log the zone alarm to the Event Buffer. This zone gives a silent alarm by default.

- Do not wire 24-Hour Supervisory zones on keypad zone terminals.

[10] 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer Zone

If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will immediately latch the keypad buzzer until a valid access code is entered and will immediately communicate to the central station.


If this zone is violated when the system is either armed or disarmed, the panel will immediately latch the alarm output and communicate to the central station. The alarm will sound until the Bell Cutoff time expires (Section [005] “System Times”), or until a code is entered (see Section 5.13 “Siren”).

The following zone definitions operate similar to the 24 Hour Burglary except for the System Event output type and the SIA identifier:

[12] 24 Hour Holdup Zone - This zone gives a silent alarm by default.

[13] 24 Hour Gas Zone

[14] 24 Hour Heat Zone

[15] 24 Hour Medical Zone

[16] 24 Hour Panic Zone

[17] 24 Hour Non-Medical Emergency Zone

[18] 24 Hour Sprinkler Zone

[19] 24 Hour Water Flow Zone

[20] 24 Hour Freezer Zone

[21] 24 Hour Latching Tamper

If this zone is violated, the installer must enter Installer’s Programming before the system can be armed.

- Wireless zones should not be programmed as zone types [22] - [24].

[22] Momentary Keyswitch Arm Zone

Momentary violation of this zone will alternately arm/disarm the system.

[23] Maintained Keyswitch Arm Zone

When this zone is violated, the system will arm. When this zone is secured, the system will disarm.

[24] LINKS Answer Zone

Downloading can be performed via the LINKS1000 Cellular Communicator (if used) when the conventional telephone line is disconnected. If this operation is desired, connect the RING terminal of the LINKS1000 to a LINKS Answer zone (see Section 2.11 “LINKS Zone Wiring”). Refer to the LINKS 1000 Installation Manual for more information.

- Do not wire LINKS Answer zones on keypad zone terminals.

[25] Interior Delay Zone

This zone type is normally used with motion detectors and has a standard exit delay time.

If the panel is Away armed (a delay zone is violated during the exit delay, or the Away function key is used), the Interior Delay zone will work the same as the Interior zone [04].

If the panel is Stay armed (a delay zone NOT violated during the exit delay, the Stay key is used, or [1][9] is used for arming), a violation of the zone will initiate Entry Delay 1.

[87] Delayed 24 Hour Fire (Wireless)

This zone type operates the same as [07] Delayed 24 Hour Fire Zone and must be used if the smoke detector is wireless.

[88] Standard 24 Hour Fire (Wireless)

This zone type operates the same as [08] Standard 24 Hour Fire Zone and must be used if the smoke detector is wireless.

Zone Definitions ......................................................... [001]
Zone Assignments ....................................................... [202]

5.3 Zone Attributes

All zones, with the exception of 24 Hour and Fire, will provide an exit delay.

Attributes for Fire Zones should never be changed from the default settings.

Additional zone attributes can be programmed to customize the operation of a zone for a specific application. The following attributes are programmable for each zone:

- Audible / Silent – This attribute determines whether or not the zone will activate the alarm output.
- Pulsed / Steady – This attribute determines whether the alarm output will be steady or will pulse on and off every second.
- Activate Chime – This attribute determines whether or not the zone will activate the chime feature (see Section 3.4 – “[1] Door Chime On/Off”).
- Bypass Enable – This attribute determines whether or not the zone can be manually bypassed (see Section 3.4 – “[1] Bypassing and Reactivating Stay/Away Zones”).
- Force Arm Enable – This attribute determines whether or not the system can be armed while a zone is violated. At the end of the exit delay, if this type of zone is violated, it will be ignored by the panel. Once the zone is secured, it will be monitored by the system. This zone attribute, for example, will allow the user to arm the system with the garage door open. Later, when the door is closed, it will be armed along with the rest of the system. Do not program this attribute for 24Hr zones.
- Swinger Shutdown Enable – This attribute determines whether or not the panel will shut down the communicator and bell for a zone once its swinger limit has been reached (see Section 5.19 “Swinger Shutdown”)
• Transmission Delay Enable – This attribute determines whether or not the panel will delay communicating the alarm reporting code for the programmed Transmission Delay Period (see Section 5.15 “Transmission Delay”).
• Wireless Zone – This attribute determines which zones are to have wireless devices. This allows the panel to generate a low battery trouble and zone supervisories for the wireless zones.

Any zone with the wireless attribute enabled will not cause an alarm for a fault condition when armed (or any time for 24-hour zones).


5.4 Assigning Keypad Zones
“Z” keypads have zone inputs to which devices—such as door contacts—can be connected. (See Section 2.12 “Keypad Zones” for wiring information.)

Once the keypad zones are installed, assign the zone in programming section [020] Keypad Zone Assignments. Enter the 2 digit zone designated for each keypad (slot address) from 01-08.

Keypad Zone Assignments ................................. [020]

5.5 Communicator – Dialing
If the Communicator Disable option is selected, the panel will not attempt to call central station. If communication is enabled, the panel will attempt to call central station when an event with a valid Reporting Code occurs (See Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”).

The Communicator Call Direction options are used to select which telephone number the panel will dial when an event occurs.

If the DTMF Dialing option is enabled, the panel will dial using DTMF (touch tone). If the Switch to Pulse Dial option is enabled, the panel will switch to pulse dialing on the fifth attempt to call the central station. When this option is disabled, the panel will always dial using DTMF. If DTMF Dialing is disabled, the panel will always pulse dial.

Maximum Dialing Attempts determines the maximum number of attempts the panel will make to send a signal to the central station before indicating a Failure to Communicate (FTC) trouble condition. The 3rd Phone Number can be used to back up the 1st in this situation. (see Section 5.7 “Communicator – Phone Numbers”).

Post Dial Wait for Handshake determines the amount of time the panel will wait for a valid handshake from the receiver. If the panel does not hear the handshake it will consider the call a failed attempt, hang up and try again.

Contact your local telephone company to confirm which settings should be used.

DTMF or Pulse Dialing .............................. Section [380]: [3]
Switch to Pulse Dialing on Fifth Attempt ... Section [380]: [4]
Communicator Enable/Disable .......................... Section [380]: [1]
Communicator Call Direction Options .... Section [361] - [368]
Maximum Dialing Attempts .......................... Section [160]
Post Dial Wait for Handshake ........................ Section [161]

5.6 Communicator – Account Numbers
The account number is used by the central station to distinguish between panels. There are two account numbers programmable for the PC1555.

First Account Code (4 digits) ......................... Section [310]
Second Account Code (4 digits) ..................... Section [311]

5.7 Communicator – Telephone Numbers
The panel can use three different telephone numbers for communicating with the central station. The First Telephone Number is the primary number, the Second Telephone Number is the secondary number and the Third Telephone Number will back up the First telephone number if enabled.

The Third Telephone Number will NOT back up the Second Telephone Number.

If the Alternate Dial option is enabled, the panel will alternate between the first and third telephone numbers when attempting to call the central station. If the option is disabled, the panel will only attempt to call the Third telephone number after failing to communicate with the first telephone number.

To use the Third Telephone Number, you must enable it in section [380], option [5], and program it in section [303].

Telephone numbers can be up to 32 digits. This allows you to add special digits if required. To program the telephone number, enter the numbers 0 through 9 as required. The following is a list of programmable HEX digits and the functions they perform:

HEX (B) - simulates the [*] key on a touch tone telephone
HEX (C) - simulates the [#] key on a touch tone telephone
HEX (D) - forces the panel to search for dial tone
HEX (E) - forces the panel to pause for 2 seconds
HEX (F) - marks the end of the telephone number

First Telephone Number ............................... Section [301]
Second Telephone Number ............................. Section [302]
Third Telephone Number .............................. Section [303]
Third Telephone Number Enable ............... Section [380]: [5]
Alternate Dial .......................................... Section [380]: [6]

The first digit of all telephone numbers must be the HEX digit ‘D’ for dial tone search, or HEX digit ‘E’ for a two-second pause.

5.8 Communicator – Reporting Codes
The panel can be programmed to report events to the central station by sending the Reporting Code programmed for a particular event.

Reporting codes can be one or two digits and can use HEX digits (A through F). For a complete description of reporting codes which can be programmed and lists of automatic Contact ID and SIA format codes, please see Appendix A.

Do not use the digit C in a reporting code when using Pager Format. In most cases, the digit C will be interpreted as a [#], which will terminate the page before it has finished.

Reporting Codes ................................. Section [320] to [353]
Cross Zone Police Reporting Code

The Cross Zone Police Code Alarm will be sent when two different alarms occur during any armed-to-armed period. When an alarm occurs while the panel is armed and a second alarm occurs on a different zone during the same armed period, or after the system is disarmed, this code will be sent. All zone types contribute to this alarm. The cross zone police code will be transmitted immediately unless either or both zones have the Transmission Delay attribute enabled. If so, the code will be delayed for the programmed transmission delay time.

Cross Zone Police Code Alarm ........................ Section [328]

Zone Restorals

If the Restoral on Bell Time-out option is selected, the panel will send the Zone Restoral Reporting Code for the zone if the bell cut-off time has expired and the zone is secured. If the zone is not secured when the bell cut-off time expires, the panel will send the restoral immediately once the zone is secured, or when the system is disarmed. If the Restoral on Bell Time-out option is not selected, the panel will immediately send the Zone Restoral Reporting Code when the zone is secured, regardless of whether or not the alarm output is active.

24 Hour type zones will report the restoral immediately when the zone is secured. ........................ Section [380]; [2]

Closing Confirmation ................................. Section [381]; [4]

Openings/Closings by Wireless Key

If you are using a PC5132 v3.0 or higher, wireless keys with access codes may be identified when they are used to arm or disarm the system: the panel will log and transmit opening or closing by access code (the same as if an access code had been used to arm/disarm the system). If wireless keys with no access code are used, the event will be logged and transmitted as opening or closing by keyswitch. The Function Keys Require Code option must be selected (section [015], option 4 OFF) in order for wireless keys to be identified for arming. Disarming will always be logged by access code, if one is programmed for the Key, regardless of this option.

AC Failure Trouble Alarm Code

To prevent the panel from transmitting an AC Failure Trouble Alarm reporting code during short power outages, the panel will not send the signal unless AC power is lost for the amount of time programmed for the AC Failure Communication Delay.

AC Failure Trouble Restoral reporting code follows the AC failure communication delay as well.

Wireless Maintenance

The panel will transmit a General Zone Low Battery Alarm reporting code if a low battery condition is indicated by a detector. The transmission of the trouble will be delayed by the number of days programmed for Zone Low Battery Transmission Delay. The General Zone Low Battery Restoral reporting code will be transmitted when the problem is corrected. The specific zone that caused the trouble will be recorded in the event buffer.

The restoral will not be transmitted until all detectors indicate good battery conditions.

Wireless Maintenance Reporting Codes ........................ Section [353]

Zone Low Battery Transmission Delay ........................ Section [370]

Arming and Activity Delinquency

When Delinquency Follows Arming (Days) is selected, the Delinquency reporting code is sent whenever the panel is not armed within the number of days programmed for the Delinquency Transmission Cycle.

If the Delinquency Transmission Cycle is set for one day, there must be 24 hours of no arming or disarming before the Delinquency Code will be sent. After a Delinquency Code has been transmitted, it will not be sent again until the system has been armed and disarmed.

When Delinquency Follows Zone Activity (hours) is enabled, if there is no activity on zones in the system, the Delinquency Transmission Cycle Timer in Section [370] will begin counting in hours. When the counter reaches the programmed time, the panel will communicate the Delinquency reporting code to the central station, if programmed. If there is a closing or zone activity present on the system at any time, the counter will be reset.

Activity Delinquency will not be reported while the panel is armed in Away mode. Activity on manually bypassed zones will not reset the timer.

This timer is reset when the panel is armed, or if Installer Programming is entered. When using the SIA FSK communication format with Activity Delinquency, the Closing Delinquency identifier is transmitted.

Miscellaneous Maintenance Reporting Codes ........................ Section [351]

Delinquency Follows Zone Activity...................... Section [380]: [8]

Delinquency Transmission Cycle .......................... Section [370]

5.9 Communicator – Reporting Formats

Each communication telephone number can be programmed to report using any one of eight formats available. Two 20 BPS pulse formats are supported, in addition to Contact ID, SIA, and Pager formats.

Do not program the 2nd telephone number to use Contact ID or SIA reporting code formats (section [360]) if Automatic reporting codes are selected for either Contact ID or SIA (section [381]).
The following is a description of each reporting format:

**Pulse Formats**
Depending on which pulse format is selected, the panel will communicate using the following specifications:
- 3/1, 3/2, 4/1 or 4/2
- 1400 or 2300 Hz handshake
- 20 bits per second
- non-extended

**Additional Notes on Pulse Formats**
1. The digit '0' will send no pulses and is used as a filler digit.
2. When programming account numbers, enter four digits. When programming a three digit account number, the fourth digit must be programmed as '0'.
3. If an account number has a '0' in it, substitute a HEX digit 'A' for the '0'. For example:
   - 3 digit account number [123] - program [1230]
   - 4 digit account number [4079] - program [4A79]
4. Reporting codes are two digits. When programming single-digit Reporting Codes, the second digit must be programmed as a '0'. If a '0' is to be transmitted, substitute HEX digit 'A'. For example:
5. To prevent the panel from reporting an event, the Reporting Code should be programmed as [00] or [FF].

**Contact ID**
Contact ID is a specialized format that will communicate information using tones rather than pulses. This format allows more information to be sent faster than other formats. For example, in addition to reporting an alarm in zone one, the Contact ID format will also report the type of alarm, such as Burglary, Fire, Panic etc. The two digit reporting code is used to identify the zone or access code number.

*If the Automatic SIA option is selected, the panel will automatically generate all zone and access code numbers, eliminating the need to program these items.*

If the **SIA Sends Automatic Reporting Codes** option is enabled, the panel will operate as follows:
1. If an event's reporting code is programmed as [00], the panel will not attempt to call the central station.
2. If the reporting code for an event is programmed as anything from [01] to [FF], the panel will **automatically** generate the zone or access code number.

The **Communicator Call Direction** options can be used to disable the reporting of events such as Openings and Closings. If all of the Opening and Closing Reporting Codes are programmed as [00], the panel will not report.

If the **SIA Sends Automatic Reporting Codes** option is disabled, the panel will operate as follows:
1. If an event's reporting code is programmed as [00] or [FF], the panel will not attempt to call central station.
2. If the reporting code for an event is programmed as anything from [01] to [FE], the panel will send the programmed reporting code.

Please refer to Appendix A for a list of Contact ID Identifiers.

**Pager Format**
The **Communicator Format** option for either telephone number can be programmed as Pager format. If an event occurs and the **Communicator Call Direction** options direct the call to a telephone number with the Pager Format selected, the panel will attempt to page.

When calling a pager, extra digits will be required in order for the format to function properly. The following is a list of Hex digits and the functions they perform:
- Hex [B] - simulates the [*] key on a touch tone telephone
- Hex [C] - simulates the [#] key on a touch tone telephone
- Hex [D] - forces the panel to search for dial tone
- Hex [E] - two second pause
- Hex [F] - marks the end of the telephone number

The panel will attempt to call the pager once. Once the appropriate telephone number is dialed, the panel will send the account number and Reporting Code followed by the [#] key.
5.10 Downloading

The required downloading software is DLS-1 version 6.5 and up.

Downloading allows you to program the entire control panel via a computer, a modem, and a telephone line. All functions, features, their changes and status – such as trouble conditions and open zones – can be viewed or programmed through downloading.

**Download Access Code and Panel Identifier Code**

The **Download Access Code** and **Panel Identifier Code** are for security and proper identification. Both the panel and the computer file should contain the same information programmed before attempting to download.

The time to complete a successful download can be significantly reduced with the use of the PC-LINK. This adaptor makes it possible to perform on-site downloading. To **Initiate Local Downloading via the PC-LINK**, enter [*][8][Installer’s Code][499][Installer’s Code][499]. All keypads will be busy for the duration of the PC-LINK connection. The status LEDs will display the current system status on the keypad where the PC-LINK was initiated. For more information on connecting the PC-LINK, refer to your “PC-LINK Download Kit Instruction Sheet”.

**Download Access Code in use**

When a zone status upload is performed through PC-LINK, the information uploaded may not be accurate. For more information, refer to your DLS-1 manual.

**When uploading labels from LCD keypads, only labels from the LCD keypad assigned to slot 8 will be uploaded.**

Answering Machine[Double Call] ............... Section [401]: [1]
User Enable DLS Window ......................... Section [401]: [2]
Call-Back ........................................... Section [401]: [3]
User-initiated Call-up enabled/disabled ... Section [401]: [4]
Downloading Computer’s Telephone Number .... Section [402]
Download Access Code ............................. Section [403]
Panel Identification Code .......................... Section [404]
Answering Machine Double Call Timer ......... Section [405]
Number of Rings to Answer On .................. Section [406]
LINKS 1000 Preamble (Downloading) .......... Section [490]
Initiate Local Downloading (PC-LINK) ........ Section [499]

5.11 PGM Output Options

Programmable outputs PGM1 and PGM2 on the main board can be programmed by selecting one of the output options listed below (exceptions noted).

Main Board PGM Outputs .......................... Section [009]

**PGM outputs cannot be disabled in installer’s programming. To disable a PGM output, you must remove all wiring from the output.**

[01] Burglary and Fire Bell Output

The output will activate when the alarm output is active and will deactivate when the alarm output is silenced. If the alarm output is pulsing, the PGM output will pulse as well. This output will follow the activation of the alarm output (pre-alarm) for delayed fire zones.

[02] For Future Use

[03] Sensor Reset ([*][7][2])

**This output will normally be active (switched to ground).**
This option is used to reset power for latching smoke detectors. The output will deactivate for five seconds when the [●] [7] [2] command is entered (see Section 3.4 "[●] [7] Output Functions"). The keypad buzzer will not sound for the five second period. Please refer to the Control Panel Wiring Diagram in this manual for wiring instructions.

Only ONE of options [03] Sensor Reset, [04] 2-wire smoke, and [20] [●] [7] [2] Command Output Option #2 may be programmed on the same system.

[04] 2-wire smoke
When this option is selected, the PGM functions much like option [03] in that it is a normally low output supplying the negative return. However, 2-wire smoke detectors can be supported, meaning that a zone input need not be used. The 2-wire smoke detector input is an instant and latching alarm. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

The 2-wire smoke option requires that connector JP1 be removed from the PC1555 control board.

2-Wire smoke detectors use PGM2 as a supervised input with a 2200Ω end-of-line resistor. A trouble condition will be generated if an open condition is detected between PGM2 and Aux+.

[05] Armed Status
When the system is armed, the PGM output will activate at the beginning of the exit delay. The output deactivates when the system is disarmed.

[06] Ready To Arm
The PGM will be active as long as the system is ready to arm and all non-force armable zones on the system are restored. Once an access code is entered to arm the system and the exit delay begins, the PGM output is deactivated.

[07] Keypad Buzzer Follower Mode
The PGM will activate when any of the following events occur and will remain active for as long as the keypad buzzer is active:
- Door Chime
- Entry Delay
- Auto-Arm Prealert
- Audible Exit Delay
- 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer Zone

[08] Courtesy Pulse
Upon arming, the PGM output will activate for the duration of the exit delay plus an additional two minutes. Upon entry, the PGM output will activate for the number of seconds programmed in the PGM output timer plus an additional two minutes. This output will also activate for two minutes when disarming.

[09] System Trouble Output
The PGM output will activate when any of the selected trouble conditions are present. It will deactivate when all the selected trouble conditions are cleared.

The PGM attributes for this option, programmed in Sections [141] to [142], differ from the standard selection of attributes. Program which trouble conditions will activate the output by selecting some or all of the following attributes:

Attribute
[1] Service Required (battery, bell, general trouble, general tamper, general supervisory)
[2] AC Failure
[4] Failure to Communicate

[10] System Event (Strobe Output)
The output activates when any of the selected system events (alarms) occur on the system.

This output will activate for silent and audible alarms or medical conditions only. It will not activate during prealert or delays.

If attribute [8] is turned ON, the output will activate for the number of seconds programmed in the PGM output timer (section [164]).

If attribute [8] is turned OFF, in the armed state, the output will deactivate only once the system is disarmed. If an alarm activates this output in the disarmed state, the output will deactivate if a user enters a valid access code while the Bell Cut-off timer is counting down. The output will also deactivate if someone arm the system after the Bell Cut-off has expired.

This output can be used to indicate that an alarm has occurred before entering the premises.

The PGM attributes for this option, programmed in Sections [141] to [142], differ from the standard selection of attributes. Program which events will activate the output by selecting some or all of the following attributes:

Attribute
[1] Burglary (Delay, Instant, Interior, Stay/Away and 24 Hour Burglary Zones)
[3] Panic (Panic Keys and Panic Zones)
[4] Medical (Auxiliary Keys, Medical and Emergency Zones)
[5] Supervisory (Supervisory, Freezer and Water Zones)
[6] Priority (Gas, Heat, Sprinkler and 24 Hour Latching Zones)
[7] Holdup (Holdup zones)
[8] Output Follows Timer / Output Latched (output will activate for the number of seconds programmed in the PGM Output Timer)

If attribute [8] is turned ON, attributes [1-7] must also be turned ON.

PGM Output Timer ............................................ Section [164]

[11] System Tamper (All Sources)
The PGM output will activate when any tamper condition is present and will deactivate when all tampers are restored.

[12] TLM and Alarm
The PGM output activates when the system experiences both a telephone line trouble and an alarm. When the system is armed, the output will deactivate only if an access code is entered or if the telephone line is restored with the system in an armed or disarmed state.

If an alarm activates this output in the disarmed state, the output will deactivate if a user enters a valid access code while the Bell Cut-off timer is counting down. The output will also deactivate if someone arm the system after the Bell Cut-off has expired.
This output will activate for all silent and audible alarms except the Duress alarm and 24-hr PGM inputs.

Kissoff Output
The output will activate for two seconds after the control panel receives the kissoff transmission from the central station.

Ground Start Pulse
The PGM Output will activate for two seconds to obtain a dial tone on Ground Start telephone equipment before the panel attempts to dial. Two 2-second pauses should be inserted at the beginning of the telephone number when using this option.

Remote Operation (DLS-1 Support)
This output can be activated and deactivated remotely using the DLS software.

LINKS 1000 Support (PGM1 Only)
The PGM output will be used as a data wire to communicate telephone number information for the LINKS 1000 cellular unit.

Away Armed Status
When the system is armed in the Away mode, the PGM output will activate at the beginning of the exit delay. The output deactivates when the panel is disarmed.

Stay Armed Status
When the system is armed in the Stay mode, the PGM output will activate at the beginning of the exit delay. The output deactivates when the panel is disarmed.

Command Output Option #1
These outputs are user-initiated by entering [✱] [7] [1] at any keypad. When any output is activated, three acknowledgment beeps are heard.

NOTES on Option [20] [✱] [7] [2]:
Press [✱] [7] [2] [Access Code, if required] to activate any output programmed as one of PGM output option [03], [04] or [20].

Traditionally, [✱] [7] [2] has been reserved for resetting smoke detectors. Smoke detectors should now be programmed as output [03] “Sensor Reset” or [04] “2-wire smoke”.

Only ONE of options [03] Sensor Reset, [04] 2-wire smoke and [20] [✱] [7] [2] Command Output Option #2 may be programmed on the same system.

For Future Use

Silent 24 Hour (PGM2 Only)
A Panic button may be placed on the PGM2 terminal for use as a silent 24 hour Panic. The keypad will not indicate the alarm in any way and the Bell will remain silent but the PGM2 Alarm reporting code will be sent to the central station. PGM output option [23] will not activate other programmable outputs of any kind. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

Audible 24 Hour (PGM2 Only)
A Panic button may be placed on the PGM2 Terminal for use as an Audible 24 Hour Panic. When the button is pressed, LCD keypads will indicate “System in Alarm”, the bell will sound until the Bell Cut-off expires or until a valid access code is entered, and the PGM2 Alarm reporting code will be sent to the central station. PGM output option [24] will not activate other programmable outputs except for outputs programmed as [01]. This input does not follow Swinger Shutdown.

PGM Output Attributes
In addition to programming the output type, you must also program the PGM output attributes for each output. PGM output options [09] “System Trouble” and [10] “System Event” have their own unique set of attributes listed below the description of each output type.

PGM output options [01], [03], [05]-[08], [11]-[24] have the following attributes:

Attribute: ON  OFF
[1] ........... Output Enabled  Disabled
[3] ........... True Output  Inverted Output
Attribute ON: the output energizes when activated
Attribute OFF: the output de-energizes when activated

[4] ........... Output Pulsed  Output ON/OFF
Attribute ON: the output will activate once for the amount of time programmed in section [164] when initiated by the user
Attribute OFF: the output will turn ON and OFF when initiated by the user,
(only applicable to options [19]-[20])

Attribute ON: the output requires a code for activation.
Attribute OFF: no code required.
(only applicable to keypad-activated outputs)

PGM attributes return to their default settings when you change PGM output options. Please see the programming worksheets for a list of the default settings for each PGM output type. Care should be taken in selecting the normal and active states of each PGM output to ensure that an undesirable output state does not occur after a loss and restore of AC power.

Attribute [3] must be ON (default) for PGM output options [16], [23] and [24].

If you program more than one PGM output as the same output type (eg. if PGM1 and PGM2 are both programmed as [19] Command Option 1), the setting for output attributes [1], [2] and [5] must be the same. This does not apply to outputs programmed as types [09] and [10].

PGM Output Attributes ................................ Section [141]-[142]

5.12 Telephone Line Monitor (TLM)
When the TLM Enable option is selected, the panel will supervise the telephone line and will indicate a trouble condition if the telephone line is disconnected.

If the TLM Enable option is ON, the panel will check the telephone line every 10 seconds. If the telephone line voltage is below 3V for the number of checks programmed in the TLM Trouble Delay section, the panel will report a TLM trouble. The default number of checks is 3. Enter a number from [003] to [255] in the TLM Trouble Delay section to change the number of checks before the TLM trouble is reported. Programming a delay means that a momentary interruption of the telephone line will not cause a trouble condition.

If the TLM Trouble Beeps When Armed option is enabled, the panel will indicate a TLM trouble at the keypad while the system is armed. To activate the bell output in the case of a TLM trouble
while the system is armed, the TLM Audible (Bell) When Armed option must be selected.

When the trouble condition is restored, the panel can send a TLM Restoral reporting code. Any events which occur while the telephone line is down will also be communicated.

If the LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator, or LINKS2X50 is being used, the panel can be programmed to report a TLM Trouble Reporting Code.

- TLM Enable/Disable ........................................ Section [015]: [7]
- TLM Trouble Beeps When Armed or
- TLM Audible (Bell) When Armed ........ Section [015]: [8]
- TLM Trouble Reporting Code ............... Section [349]
- TLM Restoral Reporting Code .............. Section [350]
- TLM Trouble Delay ................................. Section [370]

5.13 Siren

The siren will silence after the number of minutes programmed for the Bell Cut-off time have passed.

The panel supervises the Bell output. If an open condition is detected, the panel will immediately indicate a trouble condition by beeping the keypad twice every 10 seconds to alert the owner of the problem. The panel can send a Bell Circuit Trouble and Trouble Restoral reporting codes to indicate the situation (see Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”).

If the Temporal Three Fire Signal option is enabled, all Fire signals will follow the Temporal Three Pattern as described in NFPA 72. If turned OFF all Fire signals will sound a one second on, one second off cadence.

If Fire Bell Continuous is enabled, the alarm output will sound until a code is entered. If disabled, the alarm will sound until a code is entered or the bell cut-off time has expired.

- Bell Cut-off .................................................. Section [005]
- Bell Circuit Trouble Reporting Code ........ Section [349]
- Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral Reporting Code .. Section [350]
- Temporal Three Fire Signal Enable/Disable . Section [013]: [8]
- Fire Bell Continuous ...................................... Section [014]: [8]

5.14 Test Transmission

To ensure that the communication link with the central station is functioning properly, the panel can be programmed to send a test transmission signal on a regular basis.

The panel can send a Periodic Test Transmission Reporting Code at the programmed Test Transmission Time of Day. The Test Transmission Cycle determines the period of time between tests.

If the test transmission cycle being programmed is of a lesser value than the previous value, the system will wait the original period before the next test transmission is sent, and then begin reporting with the new interval.

The panel can also send a test for the LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator, if being used. If the LINKS 1000 Test Transmission Code is programmed, the panel will send a cellular test at the interval programmed in the LINKS Test Transmission Cycle.

The end user can generate a communicator test. If the System Test Reporting Code is programmed, the panel will send the signal when the System Test keypad command is entered (see Section 3.4 – “[*] Commands; [+] [6] User Functions”).

- Test Transmission Reporting Codes ............... Section [352]
- Test Transmission Time of Day ....................... Section [371]
- Test Transmission Cycles ............................. Section [370]

5.15 Transmission Delay

If the transmission delay zone attribute is selected for a given zone, the panel will delay reporting an alarm for that zone for the number of seconds programmed for the Transmission Delay Time. If the panel is disarmed before the delay time expires, the panel will not report the event.

- Transmission Delay Time ............................. Section [370]

5.16 Fire, Auxiliary and Panic Keys

The emergency keys are available on all keypads. These keys must be pressed and held for two seconds before they will activate. This two second delay is designed to help prevent accidental activation.

If the [F] / 🔔 Key option is enabled, when the Fire keys are pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will activate the alarm output following the option programmed in section [013]: [8] (see section 5.13 “Siren”). The alarm output will sound until a code is entered or until the bell cut-off time expires. Communication of the signal to central station is immediate.

If the [A] / 🔴 Key is pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will beep the keypad three times to verify activation. The panel will beep the keypad ten times rapidly when a kissoff is received, to verify communication to the central station.

If the [P] / 🔔 Key is pressed and held for two seconds, the panel will immediately communicate the signal to central station. If [P] Key Audible Bell and Buzzer option is enabled, the panel will beep the keypad three times upon activation and activate the alarm output until a code is entered or the bell cut-off expires. Otherwise the alarm will be completely silent.

Each LCD keypad may be programmed to have the [F], [A], & [P] keys enabled or disabled. Please refer to Appendix B “Programming LCD Keypads”.

The Fire, Auxiliary, Panic keys will operate even if Keypad Blanking is active (See Section 5.22 “Keypad Blanking”).

- [F] Key Enable ............................................. Section [015]: [1]
- [P] Key Audible Bell and Buzzer ................. Section [015]: [2]

5.17 Arming/Disarming Options

If the Quick Arm option is enabled, the panel can be armed without an access code by entering [+] [0] or by pressing the Stay or Away function key. The Quick Exit option, if enabled, will allow someone to leave an armed premises through a Delay type zone without having to disarm and re-arm the system. See Section 3.4 “[*] Commands”.

If the Arm/Disarm Bell Squawk option is enabled, the panel will squawk the alarm output once upon arming and twice upon disarming. If an alarm is in memory, when the panel is disarmed the bell will sound three pairs of disarm squawks.
The Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback option will cause the keypad to beep 10 times rapidly after the Opening After Alarm reporting code has been successfully transmitted to the central station. The Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback option will cause the panel to squawk the bell 10 times rapidly after the Opening After Alarm reporting code has been successfully transmitted to the central station.

If the panel is armed using the Stay function key, or by entering [✱][✱][✱][access code], there will be no bell squawks during entry and exit delays, except for the arm/disarm bell squawks.

Closing Confirmation, if enabled, will cause the keypad to beep 10 times rapidly after the closing Reporting Code has been successfully transmitted to central station.

If the Bypass Status Displayed While Armed option is chosen, the Bypass light will be ON while the system is armed to indicate that there are bypassed zones.

If Unidentified Wireless Key Disarming is disabled, the disarm button will not work on wireless keys which have not been assigned access codes. (Please see your PC5132 manual for more information on programming wireless keys.)

This option must be enabled when using a PC5132 v2.1 or earlier.

Quick Arm Enable ------------------------ Section [015]: [4]
Quick Exit Enable ------------------------ Section [015]: [3]
Arm/Disarm Bell Squawk ------------------- Section [014]: [1]
Closing Confirmation----------------------- Section [381]: [4]
Opening After Alarm Keypad Ringback .... Section [381]: [1]
Opening After Alarm Bell Ringback ....... Section [381]: [2]
Bypass Status Displayed While Armed ..... Section [016]: [7]
Unident. Wkey Disarm Enabled ............. Section [017]: [1]

5.18 Entry/Exit Delay Options

Two different Entry Delays can be programmed: the first entry delay will be enabled for Delay 1 type zones and the second for Delay 2 type zones. Only one Exit Delay can be programmed.

When the panel is armed, the entry delay will follow the entry delay time programmed for the delay zone which is violated first.

Upon arming, the panel will begin the exit delay. If the Audible Exit Delay with Urgency option is enabled, the keypad will beep at one second intervals until the exit delay expires. The keypad will beep rapidly for the last 10 seconds of exit delay to warn the user that the system is about to go into alarm. If there was an alarm during the armed period, the keypad will pulse for the entire entry delay to warn the user of the previous alarm.

For commercial applications Bell Squawk on Entry Delay may be enabled. The panel will squawk the alarm output once every second until the exit delay expires or the system is disarmed. If the Bell Squawk During Auto Arm option is enabled, the bell will squawk once every 10 seconds for one minute during the Auto-arm pre-alert. This will notify anyone on the premises that the system is being armed.

If the Exit Delay Termination option is enabled, the panel will monitor the Delay zones during exit delay. During the exit delay, if a Delay type zone is violated and then secured, the exit delay will be terminated and the panel will be armed immediately.

5.19 Swinger Shutdown

The swinger shutdown feature is designed to prevent a “runaway” communicator from tying up the central station. After the panel has communicated the programmed number of transmissions for an event, it will no longer report that event until the swinger shutdown is reset. Different swinger shutdown levels can be set for zone alarms, zone tampers and maintenance signals.

By default, each Swinger Shutdown limit is set to [003]. The panel will not send more than three signals for each zone until the swinger shutdown is reset.

The Bell output will not be activated for alarms on zones that have exceeded the limit of alarms set in the Swinger Shutdown counter.

Swinger shutdown will be reset every day at midnight or when the panel is armed. Once reset, the panel will again communicate normally.

Swinger Shutdown ----------------------------------- Section [370]

5.20 Event Buffer

The panel will store the last 128 events which occurred on the system. The Event Buffer will contain the name, time and date of each event, along with the zone number, access code number or any other information pertaining to the event.

If the Event Buffer Follows Swinger Shutdown option is enabled, the Event Buffer will not store events after the Swinger Shutdown level has been reached. This will prevent the panel from overwriting the entire buffer if a problem exists.

The Event Buffer can be viewed in three different ways: from an LCD keypad (see Section 3.4 — [✱][✱][✱][✱][✱] “User Functions”), printed on-site using the PC5400 printer module, or it can be uploaded using DLS software.

Event Buffer Follows Swinger Shutdown ------------ Section [013]: [7]

5.21 Keypad Lockout Options

The panel can be programmed to “lock out” keypads if a series of incorrect access codes are entered. Once the Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout limit has been reached, the
panel will lock out all keypads for the Lockout Duration and log the event to the Event Buffer. For the duration of the Lockout, the panel will sound an error tone when any key is pressed.

⚠️ The Invalid Code Counter will be reset every hour.

To disable the keypad lockout option, program the Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout as [000].

⚠️ If Keypad Lockout is active, the panel CANNOT be armed / disarmed with a keyswitch.

### 5.22 Keypad Blanking

If the Blank Keypad when not in use option is enabled, the panel will turn off all lights and LCDs on the keypads when no keys are pressed for 30 seconds. The keys, however, will remain backlit.

The panel will turn the lights and LCDs back on if entry delay begins or an audible alarm occurs. The lights and LCDs will also come on if a key is pressed or, if a valid Access code is entered when the Code Required to Restore Blanking option is enabled.

⚠️ If using a PCS132 v3.0 or greater, and wireless keys, do not enable the Code Required to Restore Blanking option, as the keys will not function correctly.

If the Power Save Mode option is enabled the panel will blank all keypad lights including backlighting when AC power fails, in order to conserve the back up battery.

- Blank Keypad when not in use .......................... Section [016]: [8]
- Code Required to Restore Blanking .................. Section [016]: [3]
- Power Save Mode ........................................ Section [016]: [6]

### 5.23 Keypad Backlighting

The keys of all the keypads can be backlit to provide easy viewing in dim lighting conditions. If the Keypad Backlighting Option is enabled the keys will be illuminated.

Keypad Backlighting Option .......................... Section [016]: [5]

### 5.24 Loop Response

The normal loop response time for all zones is 500 milliseconds. The panel will not consider a zone violated unless it is violated for at least 500 milliseconds.

- Zones 1-6 are Fast Loop Response .......... Section [030]: [1-6]

### 5.25 Keypad Tamper

If the Keypad Tamper Enable option is selected, the panel will display and transmit a General System Tamper reporting code if any keypad is removed from the wall. When the keypad tamper is restored, the panel will transmit the General System Tamper Restoral reporting code. All keypads should be properly installed and secured before enabling this option.

⚠️ The Auto Arm cancellation code is not transmitted when a reset is required because a User has not cancelled the Auto Arming sequence.

Keypad Tamper Enable .......................... Section [016]: [1]
General System Tamper .......................... Section [016]: [2]
Restoral Reporting Codes ............................. Section [016]: [3]

⚠️ After enabling Keypad Tamper, it is recommended to tamper and restore all keypads to ensure proper functioning.

### 5.26 LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator

The LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator can be used three different ways: as the sole communicator for the panel, as a back up for either or both telephone numbers or as a redundant back up to the land line communicator, where the panel will call both the land line and via the LINKS. A LINKS Preamble is programmable for each telephone number in the event that the land line number is local but the LINKS is required to dial an exchange. When programming a LINKS Preamble, all unused digits must be programmed with a hexadecimal “F”.

**Using LINKS 1000 as the Sole Communicator**

The panel can be programmed to report an event only using the LINKS 1000 cellular communicator. To program this option, select only the LINKS 1000 in the Communicator Call Direction Options. The Call LINKS as well as Land Line option must also be enabled.

When the selected event occurs the panel will only attempt to call central station using the LINKS.

**Using the LINKS 1000 as a Backup Communicator**

The panel can be programmed to call using the LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator if the panel is having difficulty communicating an event using the land line. To program this option, select both the telephone number and LINKS options in the Communicator Call Direction Options. The LINKS is Backup of Land Lines option must be selected.

When used as a backup communicator, the panel will attempt to call the central station in the following manner:
- the panel will try to call using land lines – if unsuccessful, the panel will try to call using the LINKS
- if unsuccessful, the panel will try to call using the land lines on the next dialing attempt

This process will continue until the panel has successfully communicated with the central station or until the panel’s programmed number of dialing attempts have been exhausted.

**Using the LINKS as a Redundant Communicator**

The panel can be programmed to call using first the LINKS1000 and then the land line when an event occurs. To program this option, select both the telephone number and LINKS options for the Communicator Call Direction Options for the event.

The Call LINKS as well as Land Line option must be selected.

**LINKS Special Preamble**

In some areas of North America, dialing #DAT or #DATA reduces the cellular billing increment. The LINKS Special Preamble (section [393]), allows the use of [✱] and [#] characters for the programming of #DAT and #DATA.

The LINKS Special Preamble is sent BEFORE the Preamble programmed in Sections [390] to [392].

Example: [Special Preamble][Regular Preamble][Telephone Number]

⚠️ If this Special Preamble is programmed, it will be inserted before the Regular Preamble of ALL
5.27 Additional System Modules

The following modules are programmed through the Module Programming sections [801]-[804]: the PC5400 Printer module, the Links2X50 Long-Range Radio interface and the PC5132 Wireless Receiver and all of its devices. For instructions on the installation and programming of these additional modules and devices, please see their respective installation and programming manuals.

PC5400 Programming ....................................... Section [801]
LINKS2X50 Programming .................................. Section [803]
PC5132 Programming ....................................... Section [804]

5.28 Resetting Factory Defaults

On occasion, it may be necessary to default the main control panel or one of the connected modules; the LINKS2X50 Radio interface, the PC5132 wireless receiver, and the PC5400 Printer module.

To default the main control panel (hardware), perform the following:
1. Remove AC and battery from the panel.
2. Remove all wires from the Zone 1 and PGM1 terminals.
3. With a piece of wire short the Zone 1 terminal to the PGM1 terminal.
4. Apply AC power to the main panel.
5. When Zone Light 1 is lit on the keypad the default is complete.
6. Remove AC power from the control
7. Reconnect all original wiring and power up the control.

**AC power must be used to power the panel. The panel will not default if only the battery is used.**

To default the main control panel software and other modules, perform the following:
1. Enter the Installer’s Programming mode.
2. Enter the appropriate programming section [XXX].
3. Enter the Installer’s Code.
4. Re-enter the appropriate programming section [XXX].

The panel will take a few seconds to perform the default. When the keypad is again operational the default is complete.

If using Identified Wireless Keys (PC5132 v3.0 or later only), when the main panel is defaulted, all wireless key access codes must be re-pro-

5.29 Installer’s Lockout

If Installer’s Lockout is selected, a hardware default cannot be performed. If a software default is performed, all programming will restore to factory default.

If Installer’s Lockout Disable is selected, the panel will restore all programming to factory defaults when a hardware or software default is performed on the main control panel.

To enable or disable Installer’s Lockout, perform the following:
1. Enter the Installer’s Programming mode.
2. Enter the appropriate programming section: [990] or [991].
3. Enter the Installer’s Code.
4. Re-enter the appropriate programming section: [990] or [991].

Installer Lockout Enable .................................. Section [990]
Installer Lockout Disable .................................. Section [991]

5.30 Walk Test (Installer)

The Installer Walk Test can be used to test the alarm state of each zone of the panel. The walk test cannot be used to test zone type [24].

Before beginning the walk test, ensure the following conditions are met:
1. The panel is disarmed
2. The Keypad Blanking option is disabled (section [016]: [3])
3. The Fire Bell is Continuous option is disabled (section [014]: [8])
4. The Transmission Delay is disabled, if Transmission Delay is not required (section [370])

**Fire Troubles are not supported in Walk Test.**

To perform a Walk Test, do the following:
Step 1 - Enter Installer Programming
Step 2 - Enter Section [901]

When any zone is violated the panel will activate the Bell Output for two seconds, log the event to the Event Buffer and communicate the alarm to central station. Each zone should be tested several times during the test. Check the event buffer to ensure that all zones and FAP keys are functioning properly.

To stop the test, you must do the following:
Step 1 - Enter Installer Programming
Step 2 - Enter Section [901]

Check the Event Buffer after the Walk Test is complete, to ensure that the Audible/Silent 24-hr PGM alarms have been restored.

**The Alarm Memory is cleared upon entering Walk Test mode. When the Walk Test is complete, the Alarm Memory light will remain lit, but there will be no alarms in memory. The light will turn off the next time the panel is armed.**
Zone programming can be found in sections [001], [101] - [108], [020] and [202]. Use this area to record a summary of your zone programming. Refer to Appendix B: Programming LCD Keypads, for instructions on programming zone labels.
Keypad Programming

[000] Keypad Enrollment
(Section 2.5 “Keypad Enrollment”)

**NOTE:** This must be done at each keypad requiring programming.

[0] Slot  [Valid entries are 11-18; ie. enter [11] for slot 1, [12] for slot 2, etc.]
[1] Function Key 1 Assignment  (Valid entries are 00-17)
[2] Function Key 2 Assignment  (Valid entries are 00-17)
[3] Function Key 3 Assignment  (Valid entries are 00-17)
[4] Function Key 4 Assignment  (Valid entries are 00-17)
[5] Function Key 5 Assignment  (Valid entries are 00-17)

**Function Key Options:**

- 00 Null Key
- 03 Stay Arm
- 04 Away Arm
- 05 [*][9] No-Entry Arm
- 06 [*][4] Chime On / Off
- 07 [*][6][——][4] System Test
- 08 [*][1] Bypass Mode
- 09 [*][2] Trouble Display
- 10 [*][3] Alarm Memory
- 11 [*][5] User Programming

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slot (Address)</th>
<th>Function Key 1</th>
<th>Function Key 2</th>
<th>Function Key 3</th>
<th>Function Key 4</th>
<th>Function Key 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LED Defaults</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>04</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCD Defaults</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>04</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KEYPAD 8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Basic Programming**

**Zone Definitions**

- 00 Null Zone (Not Used)
- 01 Delay 1
- 02 Delay 2
- 03 Instant
- 04 Interior
- 05 Interior, Stay/Away
- 06 Delay, Stay/Away
- 07 Delayed 24 Hour Fire (Hardwired)
- 08 Standard 24 Hour Fire (Hardwired)
- 09 24 Hour Supervisory
- 10 24 Hour Supervisory Buzzer
- 11 24 Hour Burglary
- 12 24 Hour Holdup
- 13 24 Hour Gas
- 14 24 Hour Heat
- 15 24 Hour Medical
- 16 24 Hour Panic
- 17 24 Hour Emergency
- 18 24 Hour Sprinkler
- 19 24 Hour Water
- 20 24 Hour Freeze
- 21 24 Hour Latching Tamper
- 22 Momentary Keyswitch Arm
- 23 Maintained Keyswitch Arm
- 24 LINKS Answer
- 25 Interior Delay
- 87 Delay 24 Hour Fire (Wireless)
- 88 Standard 24 Hour Fire (Wireless)

---

*If 24-hour Buzzer zones are used, keypads must be installed*

**[001] Zone 1-8 Definitions**
(Section 5.2 “Zone Programming”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Zone 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Zone 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Zone 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Zone 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Keypad zones are assigned in Section [020]. Zone Attributes are assigned in Sections [101] - [108]. Zone assignment is in section [202].
[005] System Times
Default [001-255]
- 030  Entry Delay 1 (in seconds)  (Section 5.18 “Entry/Exit Delay Options”)
- 045  Entry Delay 2 (in seconds)  (Section 5.18 “Entry/Exit Delay Options”)
- 120  Exit Delay (in seconds)  (Section 5.18 “Entry/Exit Delay Options”)
- 040  Bell Cut-off (in minutes)  (Section 5.13 “Siren”)

[006] Installer’s Code
(Section 4.1 “Installer Programming”)
Default
1555

[007] Master Code
(Section 5.1 “Programming Security Codes”)
Default
1234

[008] Maintenance Code
(Section 5.1 “Programming Security Codes”)
Default
AAAA

[009] PGM Output Programming (PGM 1 and 2)
(Section 5.11 “PGM Output Options”)

Programmable Output Options
- 01 Burglary and Fire Bell Output
- 02 For Future Use
- 03 Sensor Reset
- 04 2-wire smoke
- 05 System Armed Status
- 06 Ready To Arm
- 07 Keypad Buzzer Follow Mode
- 08 Courtesy Pulse
- 09 System Trouble Output (with Trouble options)
- 10 System Event [Strobe (with Event options)]
- 11 System Tamper (all sources: zones, kpd, modules)
- 12 TLM and Alarm
- 13 Kissoff Output
- 14 Ground Start Pulse
- 15 Remote Operation (DLS-1 Support)
- 16 LINKS 1000 Support (PGM1 only)
- 17 Away Armed Status
- 18 Stay Armed Status
- 19 Command Output #1 ([*] [7] [1])
- 20 Command Output #2 ([*] [7] [2])
- 21 For Future Use
- 22 For Future Use
- 23 Silent 24 Hour (PGM2 Only)
- 24 Audible 24 Hour (PGM2 Only)

Output types [03], [04] and [20] cannot be used together on the same system.

Default
- 19  PGM 1
- 10  PGM 2

Program PGM Option Attributes in sections [141] & [142].

[012] Keypad Lockout Options
(Section 5.21 “Keypad Lockout Options”)

If Keypad Lockout is active, the panel cannot be disarmed with a keyswitch.

Default
- 000  Number of Invalid Codes Before Lockout (001-255 codes)
- 000  Lockout Duration (001-255 minutes)

[013] First System Option Code
Default  Option  ON  OFF  Section
- OFF  1  Normally Closed Loops  End-of-Line Resistors  2.8
- OFF  2  Double End-of-Line Resistors  Single End-of-Line Resistors  2.8
- ON  3*  Panel shows all troubles when armed  Panel shows only Fire troubles when armed  3.4
- OFF  4  Tampers/Faults do not show as open  Tampers/Faults show as open  3.4
- OFF  5  For Future Use
- ON  6  Audible Exit Fault Enabled  Audible Exit Fault Disabled  5.18
- ON  7  Event Buffer Follows Swinger Shutdown  Event Buffer Logs Events Past shutdown  5.20
- OFF  8  Temporal Three Fire Signal Enabled  Standard Pulsed Fire Signal  5.13

* Option 3 must be OFF if LCD keypads older than v2.0 are used.
### [014] Second System Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arm / Disarm Bell Squawk enabled</td>
<td>Arm / Disarm Bell Squawk disabled</td>
<td>5.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Bell Squawk During Auto Arm</td>
<td>No Bell Squawk During Auto Arm</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bell Squawk On Exit Delay</td>
<td>No Bell Squawk On Exit Delay</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Bell Squawk On Entry Delay</td>
<td>No Bell Squawk On Entry Delay</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Bell Squawk On Trouble</td>
<td>No Bell Squawk On Trouble</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Audible Exit with Urgency</td>
<td>Silent Exit Delay</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Exit Delay Termination Enabled</td>
<td>Exit Delay Termination Disabled</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Fire Bell is Continuous</td>
<td>Fire Bell follows Bell Cut-off</td>
<td>5.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [015] Third System Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fire Keys Enabled</td>
<td>Fire Keys Disabled</td>
<td>5.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Panic Keys Audible (Bell / Beeps)</td>
<td>Panic Keys Silent</td>
<td>5.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Quick Exit Enabled</td>
<td>Quick Exit Disabled</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON*</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Quick Arming Enabled</td>
<td>Quick Arming Dis. / Function keys Req. Code</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Code Required For Bypassing</td>
<td>No Code Required</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Master Code Not Changeable</td>
<td>Master Code Changeable</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>TLM Enabled</td>
<td>TLM Disabled</td>
<td>5.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>TLM Audible (Bell) When Armed</td>
<td>TLM Trouble Beeps When Armed</td>
<td>5.12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* When using a PC5132 version 2.1 or older with WLS909 Wireless Keys, option [4] must be ON for the arm button to work.

### [016] Fourth System Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AC Trouble Displayed</td>
<td>AC Trouble Not Displayed</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Trouble Light Flashes if AC Fails</td>
<td>Trouble Light Does Not Follow AC Status</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Blank Keypad When Not Used</td>
<td>Keypad Active Always</td>
<td>5.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Code Required to Remove Kypd Blanking</td>
<td>No Code Required</td>
<td>5.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Keypad Backlighting is enabled</td>
<td>Keypad Backlighting is disabled</td>
<td>5.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Power Save Mode enabled</td>
<td>Power Save Mode disabled</td>
<td>5.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Bypass Status Displayed While Armed</td>
<td>Bypass Status Not Displayed While Armed</td>
<td>5.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Keypad Tampers enabled</td>
<td>Keypad Tampers disabled</td>
<td>5.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [017] Fifth System Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Unident. Wireless Key Disarm Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>5.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>2-8</td>
<td>For Future Use</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [020] Keypad Zone Assignments

(Section 2.12 “Keypad Zones”)

Only one keypad may be assigned to any given zone.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Keypad (Slot 1) Zone</th>
<th>Valid entries are zones 01-08</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 1) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 2) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 3) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 4) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 5) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 6) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 7) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>Keypad (Slot 8) Zone</td>
<td>Valid entries are zones 01-08</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Zone Loop Response Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Zone 1 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 1 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Zone 2 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 2 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Zone 3 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 3 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Zone 4 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 4 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Zone 5 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 5 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Zone 6 is Fast Loop Response</td>
<td>Zone 6 is Normal Loop Response</td>
<td>5.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For Future Use

### Advanced System Programming

#### Zone Attributes

(Section 5.3 “Zone Attributes”)

#### Zone Attribute Defaults

(Y = Option ON; N = Option OFF):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute:</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zone Type:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>00 Null Zone</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 Delay</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Instant</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Interior</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05 Int.</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06 Dly.</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07 Dly. 24hr Fire (Hardw.)</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>08 Stand. 24hr Fire (Hardw.)</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09 Superv.</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 24hr Superv. Buzzer</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 24hr Burglary</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 24hr Holdup</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 24hr Gas</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 24hr Heat</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 24hr Medical</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 24hr Panic</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 24hr Emergency</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 24hr Sprinkler</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19 24hr Water</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 24hr Freeze</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21 24hr Latching Tamper</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 Momentary Keypin</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23 Maintained Keypin</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 LINKS Answer</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Interior Delay</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87 Dly. 24hr Fire (Wireless)</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88 Stand. 24hr Fire (Wireless)</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Programming Worksheet

*Record here based on programming in section [001]
PGM Output Attributes

Program only the following attributes for the PGM Options listed. All others will be ignored. PGM Options are programmed in section [009].

PGM Attribute Defaults (Y = Attribute ON; N = Attribute OFF):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute:</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output enabled</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inverted</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>True Output</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follows Timer</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code Req.</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PGM Option

- [01] Burg. / Fire Bell
- [03] Sensor Reset
- [04] 2-Wire Smk
- [05] Armed Status
- [06] Ready To Arm
- [07] Kydp Bzz Follow
- [08] Courtesy Pulse
- [12] TLM and Alarm
- [13] Kiss-off
- [14] Gnd Stt Pulse
- [16] LINKS 1000 Sup.
- [17] Away Armed Status
- [18] Stay Armed Status
- [19] Comm. Output #1
- [20] Comm. Output #2
- [23] Silent 24 Hr
- [24] Audible 24 Hr

Attribute: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

- On Service req. AC Fail TLM Fault FTC Zone Fault Zone Temp. Zn. Low Bat. Loss of Clock
- Off Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled

- Burg. Event
- Fire Event
- Panic Event
- Med. Event
- Supv. Event
- Priority Event
- Holdup Event
- Follows Timer

*If attribute [8] is turned ON, attributes [1-7] must also be turned ON.

Section PGM Output # Type

- [141] 1
- [142] 2

Maximum Dialing Attempts to Each Telephone Number

Default: 008 Valid entries are 001-255 attempts (Do not enter 000)

Post Dial Wait for Handshake (All Formats)

Default: 040 Valid entries are 001-255 seconds

PGM Output Timer

Default: 005 Valid entries are 001-255 seconds
[202] Zone Assignments
(Section 5.2 “Zone Programming”)
Program Zone Definitions in section [001] and Zone Attributes in sections [101] - [108].
Program Keypad Zone Assignments in section [020].

⚠️ Any zones not used on the system should be disabled in this section. Disabled wireless zones should have a blank serial number (ie. [000000]).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 1 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 1 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 2 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 2 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 3 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 3 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 4 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 4 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 5 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 5 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 6 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 6 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 7 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 7 is disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Zone 8 is enabled</td>
<td>Zone 8 is disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Communicator Programming
NOTE: For sections [301] to [353], the content of every section by default is [F].

[301] First Telephone Number (32 Digits)
(Section 5.7 “Communicator – Telephone Numbers”)

[302] Second Telephone Number (32 Digits)
(Section 5.7 “Communicator – Telephone Numbers”)

[303] Third Telephone Number (32 Digits)
(Section 5.7 “Communicator – Telephone Numbers”)

[310] First/Third Telephone Number Account Code
(Section 5.6 “Communicator – Account Numbers”)

[311] Second Telephone Number Account Code
(Section 5.6 “Communicator – Account Numbers”)

[320] Alarm Reporting Codes, Zones 1-8
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

[324] Alarm Restoral Reporting Codes, Zones 1-8
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

[328] Miscellaneous Alarm Reporting Codes
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)
### [329] Priority Alarm and Restoral

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keypad Fire Alarm</th>
<th>Keypad Fire Restoral</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Keypad Auxiliary Alarm</td>
<td>Keypad Auxiliary Restoral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keypad Panic Alarm</td>
<td>Keypad Panic Restoral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PGM2 Alarm</td>
<td>PGM2 Restoral</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [330] Tamper Reporting Codes, Zones 1-8

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone 1</th>
<th>Zone 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zone 2</td>
<td>Zone 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zone 3</td>
<td>Zone 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zone 4</td>
<td>Zone 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [334] Tamper Restoral Reporting Codes, Zones 1-8

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone 1</th>
<th>Zone 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zone 2</td>
<td>Zone 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zone 3</td>
<td>Zone 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zone 4</td>
<td>Zone 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [338] Miscellaneous Tamper Reporting Codes

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General System Tamper</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General System Tamper Rest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keypad Lockout</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [339] Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 1-8

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code 1</th>
<th>Code 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code 2</td>
<td>Code 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 3</td>
<td>Code 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 4</td>
<td>Code 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [340] Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 9-16

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code 9</th>
<th>Code 13</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code 10</td>
<td>Code 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 11</td>
<td>Code 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 12</td>
<td>Code 16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [341] Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 17-24

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code 17</th>
<th>Code 21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code 18</td>
<td>Code 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 19</td>
<td>Code 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 20</td>
<td>Code 24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### [342] Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 25-32

(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code 25</th>
<th>Code 29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code 26</td>
<td>Code 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 27</td>
<td>Code 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code 28</td>
<td>Code 32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
[343] Miscellaneous Closing (Arming) Reporting Codes  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Closing by Duress Code 33  Closing by Supervisory Code 42  
Closing by Duress Code 34  Partial Closing  
Closing by Master Code 40  Special Closing  
Closing by Supervisory Code 41  

[344] Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 1-8  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Code 1  Code 5  
Code 2  Code 6  
Code 3  Code 7  
Code 4  Code 8  

[345] Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 9-16  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Code 9  Code 13  
Code 10  Code 14  
Code 11  Code 15  
Code 12  Code 16  

[346] Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 17-24  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes”)  
Code 17  Code 21  
Code 18  Code 22  
Code 19  Code 23  
Code 20  Code 24  

[347] Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes, Access Codes 25-32  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Code 25  Code 29  
Code 26  Code 30  
Code 27  Code 31  
Code 28  Code 32  

[348] Miscellaneous Opening (Disarming) Reporting Codes  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Opening by Duress Code 33  Opening by Supervisory Code 42  
Opening by Duress Code 34  Auto Arm Cancellation  
Opening by Master Code 40  Special Opening  
Opening by Supervisory Code 41  

[349] Maintenance Alarm Reporting Codes  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Battery Trouble Alarm  Auxiliary Power Supply Trouble Alarm  
AC Failure Trouble Alarm  TLM Trouble Code (via LINKS)  
Bell Circuit Trouble Alarm  For future use  
Fire Trouble Alarm  General System Supervisory  

[350] Maintenance Restoral Reporting Codes  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
Battery Trouble Restoral  Auxiliary Power Supply Trouble Restoral  
AC Failure Trouble Restoral  TLM Restoral  
Bell Circuit Trouble Restoral  For future use  
Fire Trouble Restoral  General System Supervisory Restore
[351] **Miscellaneous Maintenance Reporting Codes**  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
- Telephone Number 1 Failure to Communicate Restore  
- Telephone Number 2 Failure to Communicate Restore  
- Event Buffer is 75% Full Since Last Upload  
- DLS Lead IN  
- DLS Lead OUT  
- General Zone Trouble Alarm  
- General Zone Trouble Restore  
- Delinquency Code

[352] **Test Transmission Reporting Codes**  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
- Periodic Test Transmission  
- LINKS 1000 Test Transmission Code*  
- System Test  
*The LINKS Test Transmission Code must be programmed as “00” for the LINKS Test Transmission to be disabled.

[353] **Wireless Maintenance Reporting Codes**  
(Section 5.8 “Communicator – Reporting Codes” and Appendix A)  
- General Zone Low Battery Alarm  
- General Zone Low Battery Restore

[360] **Communicator Format Options**  
(Section 5.9 “Communicator – Reporting Formats”)  
- The Third telephone number follows the format of the First telephone number.

**Default**  
02 1st Telephone Number  
02 2nd Telephone Number  
01 20 BPS, 1400 HZ handshake  
02 20 BPS, 2300 HZ handshake  
03 DTMF CONTACT ID

[361] **Alarm/Restore Communicator Call Directions**  
(Section 5.5 “Communicator – Dialing”)  
- ON 1st Telephone Number  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number  
- OFF 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 5-8 For Future Use

[363] **Tamper/Restore Communicator Call Directions**  
(Section 5.5 “Communicator – Dialing”)  
- ON 1st Telephone Number  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number  
- OFF 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 5-8 For Future Use

[365] **Opening/Closing Communicator Call Directions**  
(Section 5.5 “Communicator – Dialing”)  
- ON 1st Telephone Number  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number  
- OFF 1st Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS)  
- OFF 5-8 For Future Use
[367] System Maintenance Alarm/Restore Communicator Call Directions
(Section 5.5 “Communicator – Dialing”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1st Telephone Number Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2nd Telephone Number Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1st Telephone Number (via LINKS) Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS) Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>5-8</td>
<td>For Future Use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[368] System Test Transmissions Communicator Call Directions
(Section 5.5 “Communicator – Dialing”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1st Telephone Number Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2nd Telephone Number Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1st Telephone Number (via LINKS) Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2nd Telephone Number (via LINKS) Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>5-8</td>
<td>For Future Use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The LINKS1000 backup call directions will only back up their respective telephone numbers.

[370] Communication Variables

Default

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: To disable the AC failure communications delay, program [000].

[371] Test Transmission Time of Day (Section 5.14 “Test Transmission”)

Default

9999 (Valid entries are 0000-2359, 9999 to disable)

[380] First Communicator Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Communications Enabled Communications Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Restorals on Bell Time-out Restorals Follow Zones</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pulse Dialing DTMF Dialing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Switch to Pulse Dialing on 5th Attempt DTMF Dial For All Attempts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3rd Telephone Number enabled 3rd Telephone Number disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Alternate Dial (1st and 3rd) Call 1st Number, Backup to 3rd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Call LINKS as well as Land Line LINKS is Backup of Land Line(s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>______</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Delinquency Follows Zone Activity (hours) Delinquency Follows Arming (days)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section

5.5 5.8 5.5 5.8 5.7 5.26 5.8
[381] Second Communicator Option Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Open After Alarm Kypd Ringback enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Open After Alarm Bell Ringback enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Closing Confirmation Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>5-6</td>
<td></td>
<td>For Future Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Contact ID uses programmed reporting codes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>For Future Use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[390] LINKS Preamble (First Telephone Number)
(Section 5.26 “LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator”)
Default: FFFF I _ _ _____ I _ ______I_______I______ _ I (Program all unused digits with Hex F)

[391] LINKS Preamble (Second Telephone Number)
(Section 5.26 “LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator”)
Default: FFFF I _ _ _____ I _ ______I_______I______ _ I (Program all unused digits with Hex F)

[392] LINKS Preamble (Third Telephone Number)
(Section 5.26 “LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator”)
Default: FFFF I _ _ _____ I _ ______I_______I______ _ I (Program all unused digits with Hex F)

[393] LINKS Special Function Preamble (All Telephone Numbers)
(Section 5.26 “LINKS 1000 Cellular Communicator”)
Default: FFFFFF I _ _ _____ I _ ______I_______I______ _ I (Program all unused digits with Hex F)
* Enter [*] [2] [*] (HEX B) to dial [*]  •  Enter [*] [3] [*] (HEX C) to dial [#]

Downloading Options

[401] First Downloading Option Code
(Section 5.10 “Downloading”)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>_____</td>
<td>5-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[402] Downloading Computer’s Telephone Number (32 Digits)
(Section 5.10 “Downloading”)

| I __ _ _ _I__ _ _ _I__ _ _ _I__ _ _ _I_____I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ____ I _ ___
Module Programming

[801] PC5400 Printer Module Programming
Please refer to your PC5400 Installation Manual for installation and programming instructions.

[803] LINKS2X50 Long Range Radio Interface Programming
Please refer to your LINKS2150 Installation Manual for installation and programming instructions.

[804] PC5132 Wireless Expansion Programming
Please refer to your PC5132 Installation Manual for programming locations and instructions.

Special Installer Functions

[901] Installer Walk Test Mode Enable / Disable (Section 5.32 “Walk Test [Installer]”)

[902] Module Supervision Reset (Section 2.7 “Removing Modules”)

[903] Module Supervision Field (Section 2.6 “Supervision”)

[904] Wireless Module Placement Test
For more information, please refer to your PC5132 Installation Manual
- Select the module / transmitter (Zones 01-8).
- Press [#] to Cancel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Placement</th>
<th>Led Keypad</th>
<th>LCD Keypad</th>
<th>Bell / Buzzer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Light 1 ON Steady</td>
<td>“GOOD”</td>
<td>1 Beep / Squawk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair</td>
<td>Light 2 ON Steady</td>
<td>“FAIR”</td>
<td>2 Beeps / Squawks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bad</td>
<td>Light 3 ON Steady</td>
<td>“BAD”</td>
<td>3 Beeps / Squawks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[990] Installer Lockout Enable (Section 5.31 Installer Lockout”)

[991] Installer Lockout Disable (Section 5.31 “Installer Lockout”)

[993] Restore LINKS2X50 Factory Default Programming (Section 5.30 “Resetting Factory Defaults”)

[996] Restore PC5132 Factory Default Programming (Section 5.30 “Resetting Factory Defaults”)

[997] Restore PC5400 Factory Default Programming (Section 5.30 “Resetting Factory Defaults”)

[999] Restore PC1555 Factory Default Programming (Section 5.30 “Resetting Factory Defaults”)
The following tables contain Contact ID and Automatic SIA format reporting codes.

When using 2-wire smoke the zone number will be identified as 99.

**Contact ID**
The first digit (in parentheses) will automatically be sent by the control. The second two digits are programmed to indicate specific information about the signal. For example, if zone 1 is an entry/exit point, you could program the event code as [34]. The central station would receive the following:
*BURG - ENTRY/EXIT - 1*
where the “1” indicates which zone went into alarm.

---

### Table 1 - Reporting Codes and Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section #</th>
<th>Reporting Code</th>
<th>Code Sent When...</th>
<th>Dialer Direction*</th>
<th>Contact ID Codes</th>
<th>SIA Auto Rep Codes**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[320]</td>
<td>Zone Alarms</td>
<td>zone goes into alarm</td>
<td>A/R (1) 3A</td>
<td>See Table 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[324]</td>
<td>Zone Restorals</td>
<td>alarm condition has been restored</td>
<td>A/R (1) 3A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[330]</td>
<td>Zone Tamper/Restorals</td>
<td>zone exhibits a tamper condition/tamper condition restored</td>
<td>T/R (1) 44</td>
<td>TA-ZZ/TR-ZZ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[334]</td>
<td>Duress Alarm</td>
<td>duress code entered at keypad</td>
<td>A/R (1) 21</td>
<td>HA-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[328]</td>
<td>Opening After Alarm</td>
<td>system disarmed with alarm in memory</td>
<td>A/R (4) A6</td>
<td>OR-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[328]</td>
<td>Recent Closing</td>
<td>alarm occurs within two minutes of system arming</td>
<td>A/R (4) 59</td>
<td>CR-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[328]</td>
<td>Zone Expander Supervisory Alarm/Rest.</td>
<td>panel loses/retores supervisory transmission over the keybus from enrolled PC5132 module or keypads with zone inputs</td>
<td>A/R (1) 43</td>
<td>UA-00/JH-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[328]</td>
<td>Cross Zone (Police Code) Alarm</td>
<td>two zones on the same partition go into alarm during any given armed-to-armed period (incl. 24Hr zones)</td>
<td>A/R (1) 4A</td>
<td>BV-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[329]</td>
<td>[F] Key Alarm/Rest.</td>
<td>Keypad fire alarm (alarm and restore rep. codes sent together)</td>
<td>A/R (1) 15</td>
<td>FA-00/FH-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[329]</td>
<td>[A] Key Alarm/Rest.</td>
<td>Keypad auxiliary alarm (alarm and restore rep. codes sent together)</td>
<td>A/R (1) AA</td>
<td>MA-00/MH-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[329]</td>
<td>[P] Key Alarm/Rest.</td>
<td>Keypad panic alarm (alarm and restore rep. codes sent together)</td>
<td>A/R (1) 2A</td>
<td>PA-00/PH-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[329]</td>
<td>PGM2 Alarm/Rest.</td>
<td>a panic button wired to PGM2 is pressed / access code is entered (PGM2 programmed as option [23] or [24])</td>
<td>A/R (1) 4A</td>
<td>UA-99/JH-99</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[338]</td>
<td>General System Tamper/Rest.</td>
<td>enrolled module with tamper inputs has a tamper alarm/all module tampers restored</td>
<td>T/R (1) 45</td>
<td>TA-00/TR-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[338]</td>
<td>Keypad Lockout</td>
<td>max. number of incorrect access codes has been entered at a keypad</td>
<td>T/R (4) 21</td>
<td>JA-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[339-343]</td>
<td>Closings</td>
<td>system armed (user 01-34, 40-42 indicated)</td>
<td>O/C (4) A2</td>
<td>CL-UU</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[343]</td>
<td>Partial Closing</td>
<td>one or more zones bypassed when system armed</td>
<td>O/C (4) 7A</td>
<td>CG-ZZ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[343]</td>
<td>Special Closing</td>
<td>Closing (arming) using one of the following methods: quick arm, auto arm, keyswitch, function key, maintenance code, DLS software</td>
<td>O/C (4) AA</td>
<td>CL-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[344-348]</td>
<td>Openings</td>
<td>system disarmed (user 01-34, 40-42 indicated)</td>
<td>O/C (4) A2</td>
<td>OP-UU</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[348]</td>
<td>Auto Arm Cancellation</td>
<td>auto arm cancelled</td>
<td>O/C (4) A5</td>
<td>CE-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[348]</td>
<td>Special Opening</td>
<td>Opening (disarming) using one of the following methods: keyswitch, maintenance code, DLS software</td>
<td>O/C (4) AA</td>
<td>OP-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[349-350]</td>
<td>Battery Trouble/Rest.</td>
<td>panel battery is low / battery restored</td>
<td>M/A/R (3) A2</td>
<td>YT-00/YR-00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A/R = alarms/restorals; T/R = tampers/restorals; O/C = openings/closings; M/A/R = miscellaneous alarms/restorals; T = test transmissions

** UU = user number (user 01-42); ZZ = zone number (01-08)
REPORTING CODES

Table 2
Contact ID Zone Alarm/Restoral Event Codes
(as per ADEMCO):

Program any of these codes for zone alarms/restorals when using the standard (non-automatic) Contact ID reporting format.

Medical Alarms
(1)AA Medical
(1)A1 Pendant Transmitter
(1)A2 Fail to Report In
Fire Alarms
(1)1A Fire Alarm
(1)11 Smoke
(1)12 Combustion
(1)13 Water Flow
(1)14 Heat
(1)15 Full Station
(1)16 Duct
(1)17 Flame
(1)18 Near Alarm
General Alarms
(1)33 24 Hour
(1)34 Entry / Exit
(1)35 Day / Night
(1)36 Outdoor
Panic Alarms
(1)2A Panic
(1)21 Duress
(1)22 Silent
(1)23 Audible
Burglar Alarms
(1)3A Burglary
(1)31 Perimeter
(1)32 Interior

Program any of these codes for zone alarms/restorals when using the standard (non-automatic) Contact ID reporting format.

Medical Alarms
(1)AA Medical
(1)A1 Pendant Transmitter
(1)A2 Fail to Report In
Fire Alarms
(1)1A Fire Alarm
(1)11 Smoke
(1)12 Combustion
(1)13 Water Flow
(1)14 Heat
(1)15 Full Station
(1)16 Duct
(1)17 Flame
(1)18 Near Alarm
General Alarms
(1)33 24 Hour
(1)34 Entry / Exit
(1)35 Day / Night
(1)36 Outdoor
Panic Alarms
(1)2A Panic
(1)21 Duress
(1)22 Silent
(1)23 Audible
Burglar Alarms
(1)3A Burglary
(1)31 Perimeter
(1)32 Interior

[349-350] AC Line Trouble/Rest. AC power to control panel is disconnected or interrupted/AC power restored (Both codes follow AC Failure Comm. Delay.) MA/R (3) A1 AT-00/AR-00
[349-350] Fire Trouble/Rest. a trouble occurs/restores on a fire zone MA/R (3) 73 FT-00/FJ-00
[349-350] Auxiliary Power Trouble/Rest. aux voltage supply trouble/restoral MA/R (3) AA YP-00/YQ-00
[349] TLM Failure telephone line monitoring trouble (sent via LINKS. Do not program if LINKS not used) MA/R (3) 51 LT-00
[350] TLM Restore Telephone line trouble restore MA/R (3) 51 LR-00
[349-350] Gen System Supervisory Trouble/Rest. control panel loses/restores communications with module(s) connected to the Keybus MA/R (3) 33 ET-00/ER-00
[351] Line 1 or 2 FTC Restoral control panel has restored communications to central station on line 1or 2 (after FTC) MA/R (3) 54 YK-00
[351] Event Buffer is 75% Full event buffer is almost full since last upload MA/R (6) 23 JL-00
[351] DLS Lead In downloading session start MA/R (4) 11 RB-00
[351] DLS Lead Out downloading session complete MA/R (4) 12 RS-00
[351] General Zone Trouble/Rest. one or more zones have trouble/trouble restored MA/R (3) 72 UT-00/UJ-00
[351] Delinquency programmed amount of time (days or hours) for delinquency has expired without zone activity or without system being armed MA/R (4) 54 CD-00
[352] Periodic Test periodic system test transmission T (6) A2 RP-00
[352] LINKS Test LINKS test transmission T (6) A3 TX-00
[353] General Device Low Battery Trouble/Rest. Wireless zones/pendants (WLS908); handheld keypads (WLS910); wireless keys (WLS909) have low battery/all low batteries restored MA/R (3) 84 XT-00/XR-00

‡ Program the Contact ID “Fail to close” event code [(4)54] to report either closing or activity delinquency. Make sure your central station is aware of the application of this reporting code.

Table 3
SIA Format Automatic Zone Alarm/Restoral Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone Definition</th>
<th>SIA Auto Rep Codes*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delay, Instant, Interior, Delay Stay/Away, Interior Stay/Away, 24Hr Burg.</td>
<td>BA-ZZ/BH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard 24Hr Fire, Delayed 24Hr Fire</td>
<td>FA-ZZ/FH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Supervisory</td>
<td>US-ZZUR-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Supervisory Buzzer</td>
<td>UA-ZZUH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Sprinkler</td>
<td>SA-ZZSH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Gas</td>
<td>GA-ZZGH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Heat</td>
<td>KA-ZZKH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Medical</td>
<td>MA-ZZMH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Emergency (non-medical)</td>
<td>QA-ZZ/QH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Waterflow</td>
<td>WA-ZZWH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Freeze</td>
<td>ZA-ZZ/ZH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Holdup</td>
<td>HA-ZZHH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24Hr Panic</td>
<td>RA-ZZPH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latching 24Hr</td>
<td>BA-ZZBH-ZZ</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* ZZ = zones 01-08
If you have an LCD5500Z Keypad, additional programming is required for proper operation. The following is a description of the available programming options and their accompanying programming sections:

How to Enter LCD Programming
Follow the programming procedure as outlined in Section 4 by pressing [✱][8] [Installer’s Code]. Press the [✱] key. Enter the two digit Section number to be programmed.

Programmable Labels – Sections [01] - [08], [33], [34], [40], [44], [51], [52]
Zone labels and other LCD display identifiers can be customized to make operation of the system easier for the end user. The following procedure should be used for creating all LCD labels:
- Enter Installer’s Programming. Enter the Number corresponding to the label to be programmed.
- Use the arrow keys (<> ) to move the underline bar underneath the letter to be changed.
- Press the number key [1] to [9] corresponding to the letter you require. The first time you press the number the first letter will appear. Pressing the number key again will display the next letter. Refer to the following chart:

| 1 | A, B, C, 1 |
| 2 | D, E, F, 2 |
| 3 | G, H, I, 3 |
| 4 | J, K, L, 4 |
| 5 | M, N, O, 5 |
| 6 | P, Q, R, 6 |
| 7 | S, T, U, 7 |
| 8 | V, W, X, 8 |
| 9 | Y, Z, 9, 0 |
| 0 | Space |
- When the required letter or number is displayed use the arrow keys (<> ) to scroll to the next letter.
- When you are finished programming the Zone Label, press the [✱] key, scroll to "Save," then press [✱].
- Continue from Step 2 until all Labels are programmed.

[01] to [08] Zone Labels (14 Characters)
- Default: “Zone 1” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 2” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 3” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 4” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 5” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 6” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 7” ____________________________
- Default: “Zone 8” ____________________________

[33] Fire Alarm Label (14 Characters)
- Default: “Fire Zone” ____________________________

[34] System Label (14 Characters)
- Default: “System” ____________________________

[40] to [44] [✱] [7] [1-2] Command Output Option Labels (14 Characters)
- [40] Default: “Command O/P 1” ____________________________
- [44] Default: “Command O/P 2” ____________________________

[51] Fail to Arm Event Message
- Default: “System Has Failed to Arm” ____________________________

[52] Alarm When Armed Event Message
- Default: “Alarm Occurred While Armed < >” ____________________________

[60] First User Display Mask
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Hold [P]anic Keys prompt ON</td>
<td>Hold [P]anic Keys prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Zone Bypassing prompt ON</td>
<td>Zone Bypass prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Troubles prompt ON</td>
<td>Troubles prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Alarm Memory prompt ON</td>
<td>Alarm Memory prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Door Chime Control prompt ON</td>
<td>Door Chime Control prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Access Codes prompt ON</td>
<td>Access Codes prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>User Functions prompt ON</td>
<td>User Functions prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Output Control prompt ON</td>
<td>Output Control prompt OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
[61] Second User Display Mask

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| OFF     | 1      | Installer Programming prompt ON  
| ON      | 2      | Stay Arm prompt ON  
| ON      | 3      | Quick Arm prompt ON  
| ON      | 4      | Interior Arm prompt ON  
| OFF     | 5      | Quick Exit prompt ON  
| ON      | 6      | View Event Buffer prompt ON  
| OFF     | 7-8    | For Future Use  

[62] Third User Display Mask

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ON      | 1      | System Test prompt ON  
| ON      | 2      | Time and Date prompt ON  
| ON      | 3      | Auto-Arm Control prompt ON  
| ON      | 4      | Auto-Arm Time prompt ON  
| ON      | 5      | Download Enable prompt ON  
| ON      | 6      | Bright Control prompt ON  
| ON      | 7      | Contrast Control prompt ON  
| ON      | 8      | Buzzer Control prompt ON  

[63] Downloaded LCD Message Duration

Default: 003  
(Valid entries are 000-255, 000=Unlimited Message Display. This number represents the number of times the Downloaded message is cleared by pressing any key while the message is up after timeout)

[64] Key Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ON      | 1      | [F]ire Keys enabled  
| ON      | 2      | [A]uxiliary Keys enabled  
| ON      | 3      | [P]anic Keys enabled  

[65] Fourth User Display Mask

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ON      | 1      | User Initiated Call-up Prompt ON  
| OFF     | 2      | For Future Use  
| OFF     | 3      | For Future Use  
| ON      | 4      | Command Output #1 prompt ON  
| ON      | 5      | Command Output #2 prompt ON  
| OFF     | 6      | For Future Use  
| OFF     | 7      | For Future Use  

[66] Keypad Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ON      | 1      | Display Access Code when Programming Display 'X' when Programming  
| ON      | 2      | Local Clock Display Enabled Local Clock Display Disabled  
| OFF     | 3      | Local Clock Displays 24 Hour time Local Clock Displays AM/PM  
| ON      | 4      | Auto Alarm Memory Scroll Enabled Auto Alarm Memory Scroll Disabled  
| OFF     | 5-8    | For Future Use  

[97] View Software Version

[98] Initiate Global Label Broadcast

All LCD programming is done per keypad. If more than one LCD keypad are present on the system, and the PC5400 receives labels, labels programmed at one keypad can be broadcast to all other LCD keypads. Perform the following procedure in order to broadcast labels:

Step 1 - Program one LCD keypad completely.
Step 2 - Make sure all LCD keypads are connected to the Keybus.
Step 3 - Enter Installer's Programming, then enter Section [98] at the keypad that was programmed. The keypad will now broadcast all the information programmed to all the other LCD keypads on the system.
Step 4 - When the keypad is finished press the [#] key to exit.

[99] Reset LCD EEPROM to Factory Defaults

ASCII Characters
LIMITED WARRANTY

Digital Security Controls Ltd. warrants the original purchaser that for a period of twelve months from the date of purchase, the product shall be free of defects in materials and workmanship under normal use. During the warranty period, Digital Security Controls Ltd. shall, at its option, repair or replace any defective product upon receipt of the product to its factory, at no charge for labour and materials. Any replacement and/or repaired parts are warranted for the remainder of the original warranty or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer. The original owner must promptly notify Digital Security Controls Ltd. in writing that there is defect in material or workmanship, such written notice to be received in all events prior to expiration of the warranty period.

International Warranty

The warranty for international customers is the same as for any customer within Canada and the United States, with the exception that Digital Security Controls Ltd. shall not be responsible for any customs fees, taxes, or VAT that may be due.

Warranty Procedure

To obtain service under this warranty, please return the item(s) in question to the point of purchase. All authorized distributors and dealers have a warranty program. Anyone returning goods to Digital Security Controls Ltd. must first obtain an authorization number. Digital Security Controls Ltd. will not accept any shipment whatsoever for which prior authorization has not been obtained.

Conditions to Void Warranty

This warranty applies only to defects in parts and workmanship relating to normal use. It does not cover:

• damage incurred in shipping or handling;
• damage caused by disaster such as fire, flood, wind, earthquake or lightning;
• damage due to causes beyond the control of Digital Security Controls Ltd. such as excessive voltage, mechanical shock or water damage;
• damage caused by unauthorized attachment, alterations, modifications or foreign objects;
• damage caused by peripherals (unless such peripherals were supplied by Digital Security Controls Ltd.);
• defects caused by failure to provide a suitable installation environment for the product;
• damage caused by the use of the products for purposes other than those for which it was designed;
• damage from improper maintenance;
• damage arising out of any other abuse, mishandling or improper application of the products.

Digital Security Controls Ltd.’s liability for failure to repair the product under this warranty after a period of 90 days will be limited to a replacement of the product, as the exclusive remedy for breach of warranty. Under no circumstances shall Digital Security Controls Ltd. be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages based upon breach of warranty, breach of contract, negligence, strict liability, or any other legal theory. Such damages include, but are not limited to, loss of profits, loss of the product or any associated equipment, cost of capital, cost of substitute or replacement equipment, facilities or services, down time, purchaser’s time, the claims of third parties, including customers, and injury to property.

Disclaimer of Warranties

This warranty contains the entire warranty and shall be in lieu of any and all warranties, whether expressed or implied (including all implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose) And of all other obligations or liabilities on the part of Digital Security Controls Ltd. Digital Security Controls Ltd. shall not be liable for any other person purporting to act on its behalf to modify or to change this warranty, nor to assume for it any other warranty or liability concerning this product.

This disclaimer of warranties and limited warranty are governed by the laws of the province of Ontario, Canada.

WARNING: Digital Security Controls Ltd. recommends that the entire system be completely tested on a regular basis. However, despite frequent testing, and due to, but not limited to, criminal tampering or electrical disruption, it is possible for this product to fail to perform as expected.

Installer's Lockout

Any products returned to DSC which have the Installer's Lockout option enabled and exhibit no other problems will be subject to a service charge.

Out of Warranty Repairs

Digital Security Controls Ltd. will at its option repair or replace out-of-warranty products which are returned to its factory according to the following conditions. Anyone returning goods to Digital Security Controls Ltd. must first obtain an authorization number. Digital Security Controls Ltd. will not accept any shipment whatsoever for which prior authorization has not been obtained.

Products which Digital Security Controls Ltd. determines to be repairable will be repaired and returned. A set which Digital Security Controls Ltd. has predetermined and which may be revised from time to time, will be charged for each unit repaired.

Products which Digital Security Controls Ltd. determines not to be repairable will be replaced by the nearest equivalent product available at that time. The current market price of the replacement product will be charged for each replacement unit.

WARNING Please Read Carefully

Note to Installers

This warning contains vital information. As the only individual in contact with system users, it is your responsibility to bring each item in this warning to the attention of the users of this system.

System Failures

This system has been carefully designed to be as effective as possible. There are circumstances, however, where the system may not function as intended. The combination of weather, power failures, and potential causes may not provide protection. An alarm system of any type may be compromised deliberately or may fail to operate as expected for a variety of reasons. Some but not all of these reasons may be:

• Inadequate Installation

A security system must be installed properly in order to provide adequate protection. Every installation should be evaluated by a security professional to ensure that all access points and areas are covered. Large openings such as vaulted windows and doors must be secure and operated in an intended way. Windows, glass partitions, doors, walls, ceilings and other building materials must be of sufficient strength and construction to provide the level of protection expected. A reevaluation must be done during and after any construction activity. A survey by the fire and/or police department is highly recommended if this service is available.

• Criminal Knowledge

This system contains security features which were known to be effective at the time of manufacture. It is possible for persons with criminal intent to develop techniques which reduce the effectiveness of these features. It is important that the security system not only be capable of meeting these threats, it must remain effective and that it be updated or replaced if it is found that it does not provide the protection expected.

Access by Intruders

Intruders may enter through an unprotected access point, circumvent a sensing device, evade detection or operate through an insufficient coverage, disconnect a warnning device, or interfere with or prevent the proper operation of the system.

• Power Failure

Control units, intrusion detectors, smoke detectors and many other security devices require an adequate power supply for proper operation. If a device operates from batteries, it is possible for the batteries to fail. Even if the batteries have not failed, they must be charged, in good condition and installed correctly. If a device operates only by AC power, any interruption, however brief, will render that device inoperative within a very short time. Power interruptions of any length or duration can be caused by voltage fluctuations or short circuit conditions which may damage electronic equipment such as a security system. After a power interruption has occurred, immediately conduct a complete system test to ensure that the system operates as intended.

• Failure of Replaceable Batteries

Each system's wireless transmitter kits are designed to provide several years of battery life under normal conditions. The expected battery life is a function of the device environment, usage type and condition. Ambient conditions such as high humidity, high or low temperatures, or large temperature fluctuations may reduce the expected life. For each battery the user receives, he/she must identify the type, manufacturer, part number, etc. As batteries need to be replaced, this monitor may fail to operate as expected. Regular testing and maintenance will keep the system in good operating condition.

• Compromise of Radio Frequency (Wireless) Devices

Signals may not reach the receiver under all circumstances which could include metal objects placed on or near the radio path or deliberate jamming or other inadvertent radio signal interference.

• System Users

A user may not be able to operate a panic or emergency switch possibly due to permanent or temporary physical disability, inability to reach the device in time, or unfamiliarity with the correct operation. It is important that all users be trained in the correct operation of the alarm system and that they know how to respond when the system indicates an alarm.

• Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors that are a part of this system may not properly alert occupants of a fire for a number of reasons, some of which follow. The smoke detectors may have been improperly installed or positioned. Smoke may not be able to reach the smoke detectors, such as when the fire is in a chimney, walls or roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors may not detect smoke from fires on another level of the residence or building.

• Motion Detectors

Motion detectors can only detect motion within the designated areas as shown in their respective installation instructions. They cannot discriminate between intruders and intended occupants. Motion detectors also cannot detect all area protection. They have multiple beams of detection which can only be detected in unobstructed areas covered by these beams. They cannot detect motion which occurs behind windows, glass partitions, glass doors or windows. Any type of tampering whether intentional or unintentional such as masking, painting, or spraying of any material on the lenses, mirrors, windows or any other part of the detection system will impair its proper operation.

• Warning Devices

Warning devices such as sirens, bells, horns, or strobes may not warn people or waken someone sleeping if there is an intervening wall or door. If warning devices are located on a different level of the residence or premises, they may not be heard by the occupants or their guests.

• Telephone Line

If telephone lines are used to transmit alarms, they may be out of service or busy for certain periods of time. Also an intruder may cut the telephone line or defeat its operation by more sophisticated means which may be difficult to detect.

• Insufficient Time

There may be circumstances when the system will operate as intended, yet the occupants will not be protected from the emergency due to their inability to respond to the warnings in a timely manner. If the proper action is not monitored the response may not occur in time to protect the occupants or their belongings.

• Component Failure

Although every effort has been made to make this system as reliable as possible, the system may fail to function as intended due to the failure of a component.

• Inadequate Testing

Most problems that would prevent an alarm system from operating as intended can be found by regular testing and maintenance. The combination of tests weekly and immediately after a break-in, an attempted break-in, a fire, a storm, an earthquake, an accident, or any kind of construction activity inside or outside the premises. The testing should include all sensing devices, keypads, consoles, alarm indicating devices and any other operational devices that are part of the system.

• Security and Insurance

Regardless of its capabilities, an alarm system is not a substitute for property or life insurance. An alarm system also is not a substitute for property owners, renters, or other occupants to act prudently to prevent or minimize the harmful effects of an emergency situation.
## PC1555 Module Compatibility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Compatible?</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classic Escort (VPM-1)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escort5580</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC-16 Out</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5204</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5208</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5108</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5108D</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5132 v1.X</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No support for Wireless Keys, Pendants or Handheld Keypads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5132 v2.X</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No identified Wireless Keys support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5132 v3.X</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5506</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5508</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No Keypad zone support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5508Z</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCD5500 v1.X</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No Keypad zone support; Some display messages not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCD5500Z v2.X</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCD600</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LED615</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>SL-XX</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PC1500RK</td>
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<td>PC1555RKZ</td>
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<tr>
<td>PC5908</td>
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<tr>
<td>PC5928</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5400 v1.X to v2.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Some printing messages not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PC5400 v2.2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links1000</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links2150</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links2450</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WARNING

This manual contains information on limitations regarding product use and function and information on the limitations as to liability of the manufacturer. The entire manual should be carefully read.

Installation Manual
NOTICE: The Industry Canada label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements. Industry Canada does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user’s satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The user should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized Canadian maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

User should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

CAUTION: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal equipment allows an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Number of all the devices does not exceed 5.

The REN of this unit is 0.1

AVIS: L’étiquette de l’Industrie Canada identifie le matériel homologué. Cette étiquette certifie que le matériel est conforme à certaines normes de protection, d’exploitation et de sécurité des réseaux de télécommunications. Industrie Canada n’assure toutefois pas que le matériel fonctionnera à la satisfaction de l’utilisateur. Avant d’installer ce matériel, l’utilisateur doit s’assurer qu’il est permis de le raccorder aux installations de l’entreprise locale de télécommunication. Le matériel doit également être installé en suivant une méthode acceptée de raccordement. L’abonné ne doit pas oublier qu’il est possible que la conformité aux conditions énoncées ci-dessus n’empêche pas la dégradation du service dans certaines situations.

Les réparations de matériel homologué doivent être effectuées par un centre d’entretien canadien autorisé désigné par le fournisseur. La compagnie de télécommunications peut demander à l’utilisateur de débrancher un appareil à la suite de réparations ou de modifications effectuées par l’utilisateur ou à cause de mauvais fonctionnement. Pour sa propre protection, l’utilisateur doit s’assurer que tous les fils de mise à la terre de la source d’énergie électrique, les lignes téléphoniques et les canalisations d’eau métalliques, s’il en a, sont raccordés ensemble. Cette précaution est particulièrement importante dans les régions rurales.

AVERTISSEMENT: L’utilisateur ne doit pas tenter de faire ces raccordements lui-même; il doit avoir recours à un service d’inspection des installations électriques, ou à un électricien, selon le cas.

AVIS: L’indice d’équivalence de la sonnerie (IES) assigné à chaque dispositif terminal indique le nombre maximal de terminaux qui peuvent être raccordés à une interface. La terminaison d’une interface téléphonique peut consister en une combinaison de quelques dispositifs, à la seule condition que la somme d’indices d’équivalence de la sonnerie de tous les dispositifs n’excède pas 5.

L’indice d’équivalence de la sonnerie (IES) de ce produit est 0.1

FCC COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

CAUTION: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Digital Security Controls Ltd. could void your authority to use this equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Re-orient the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

The user may find the following booklet prepared by the FCC useful: “How to Identify and Resolve Radio/Television Interference Problems”. This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. 20402. Stock # 004-000-00345-4.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC Rules. On the side of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number of this equipment. The FCC registration number and its corresponding Ringer Equivalence Number are needed to complete the installation information for your phone company.

NOTIFICATION TO TELEPHONE COMPANY: The customer shall notify the telephone company of the particular line to which the connection will be made, and provide the FCC registration number and the ringer equivalence of the protective circuit.

FCC Registration Number: F53CAN-32028-AL-E
Facility Interface Code: 02LS2
Ringer Equivalence Number: 0.1B
Service Order Code: 9.0F
USOC Jack: RJ31X

TELEPHONE CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS Except for the telephone company provided ringer, all connections to the telephone network shall be made through standard plugs and telephone company provided jacks, or equivalent, in such a manner as to allow for easy, immediate disconnection of the terminal equipment. Standard jacks shall be so arranged that, if the plug connected thereto is withdrawn, no interference to the operation of the equipment at the customer’s premises which remains connected to the telephone network shall occur by reason of such withdrawal.

INCIDENCE OF HARM: Should terminal equipment or protective circuitry cause harm to the telephone network, the telephone company shall, where practicable, notify the customer that temporary disconnection of service may be required; however, where prior notice is not practicable, the telephone company may temporarily discontinue service if such action is deemed reasonable in the circumstances. In the case of such temporary discontinuance, the telephone company shall promptly notify the customer and will be given the opportunity to correct the situation.

ADDITIONAL TELEPHONE COMPANY INFORMATION

The security control panel must be properly connected to the telephone line with a USOC RJ-31X telephone jack. The FCC prohibits customer-provided terminal equipment be connected to party lines or to be used in conjunction with coin telephone service. Interconnect rules may vary from state to state.

CHANGES IN TELEPHONE COMPANY EQUIPMENT OR FACILITIES

The telephone company may make changes in its communications facilities, equipment, operations or procedures, where such actions are reasonably required and proper in its business. Should any such changes render the customer’s terminal equipment incompatible with the telephone company facilities the customer shall be given adequate notice to the effect modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

RINGER EQUIVALENCE NUMBER (REN) The REN is useful to determine the quantity of devices that you may connect to your telephone line and still have all of those devices ring when your telephone number is called. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs of all devices connected to one line should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that you may connect to your line, you may want to contact your local telephone company.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE FACILITY: If you experience trouble with this telephone equipment, please contact the facility indicated below for information on obtaining service or repairs. The telephone company may ask that you disconnect this equipment from the network until the problem has been corrected or until you are sure that the equipment is not malfunctioning.

Digital Security Controls Ltd. 160 Washburn St., Lockport, NY 14094
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Limited Warranty .......................................................... inside back cover
Incorrect connections may result in PTC failure or improper operation. Inspect wiring and ensure connections are correct before applying power. Do not route any wiring over circuit boards. Maintain at least 1" (25.4mm) distance.

**WARNING**
High voltage. Disconnect AC power and telephone lines prior to servicing.

Battery capacity for standby is at least hours. Example: DSC model B04-12

16.5VDC 40VA, 80VA or 120W. Do not connect transformer to receptacle controlled by a switch.

**TWO-WIRE SMOKE DETECTORS**
The following Zone style detectors have been tested and approved for use. The wiring must be used as described in the Wiring Diagrams. The detectors are normally open and must be wired in series with other detectors of the same type.

**PGM CONNECTIONS**

**LED INDICATOR**

**RELAY OUTPUT**

**PGM ONLY INPUTS**

**4-WIRE SMOKE DETECTORS**

Smoke Detectors must be wiring type (such as DSC Model M1500/2). This product must be programmed for sensor type (Section 6/23). The PGM Outputs must be programmed for sensor type (Section 6/23).

**TYPICAL ZONE CIRCUITS**

**END OF LINE RESISTORS**

Note: PGM 7 must be used if total current draw exceeds 50mA

**RESISTOR IDENTIFICATIONS**

**FIRST ZONE IDL**

**SINGLE AND DOUBLE IDL**

**FBI CIRCUIT**